

cognizance of the letter of Dr. Goepfert (head of the German delegation in Paris) of April 20, transmitting a request from the German minister of war, asking that the German government be authorized to retain an army of 200,000 instead of 100,000 men, as provided for in the Versailles treaty, and affirming that this is a necessity in order to maintain order.

"The allies must declare immediately that a proposition of this nature cannot even be examined as long as Germany is failing to meet the most important obligations imposed by the peace treaty and does not proceed with disarmament, on which depends the peace of the world.

Many German Failures.
"Germany has not fulfilled its engagements, neither concerning the destruction of war material nor the decrease of its effective, nor for the supplying of coal, nor for reparations or the costs of the armies of occupation.

"It has given neither satisfaction nor made excuses for criminal attacks which several times members of the allied missions in Germany have been the victims of.

"The allies have no steps to determine, as was provided for in the protocol of the treaty, its obligations concerning reparations in order to make proposals with the view of fixing the total amount which it must pay, despite the urgent character that a settlement of this sort presents in the interests of all the parties concerned. It seems to have not even considered how it can meet its obligations when they become due.

Won't Tolerate Further Delay.
"The allies realize the difficulties met by the German government and do not seek to impose too narrow an interpretation of the treaty, but they are unanimous in declaring that they cannot tolerate a continuation of these infractions of the treaty of Versailles, that the treaty must be executed and remain as the basis of relations between Germany and the allies, and that they are resolved to take all measures, even if necessary, the occupation of an additional part of German territory, in order to ensure execution of the treaty.

"They affirm, however, that they have no intention of annexing any part of the German territory.

"At the same time, the allies deem that questions arising from violations of the peace treaty, as well as from the measures necessary to insure its execution, would be more easily solved by exchanges of views between the chiefs of the governments than by note.

Conference Is Urged.
"Thus they decide to invite the chiefs of the German government to a direct conference with the chiefs of the allied governments and request that, at the proposed meeting the German government present to them explanations and precise propositions upon all the subjects mentioned in the foregoing.

"If a satisfactory agreement is arrived at on these points the allied governments will be willing to discuss with the German representatives any questions which affect the internal order and economic well-being of Germany.

"But Germany must understand that the unity of the allies for execution of the treaty is as solid as it was for war, and that the only method of taking its place in the world is loyalty to execute the engagements to which it has subscribed."

Barber Bill's ponies on the tenth floor continue to captivate the kiddies.



1—Mexican federal troops have left Mazatlan to meet revolutionary army of Gen. Angel Flores. A battle is expected within forty-five miles of the city at any time.
2—Sonora officials report revolutionary forces are threatening Mazatlan, state of Colima.
3—Federal troops have left Mexico City for Michoacan in an effort to prevent spread of rebellion in that state. Railway communication between Mexico City and Guadalajara has been interrupted.

4—Mexico City reports defeat of Gen. Porfirio Gonzalez in Nuevo Leon by federal forces.
5—Cuernavaca, capital of Morelos, is in the hands of rebels, and Josef Sanchez, member of the chamber of deputies, has begun a revolt in Puebla, Mexico's second city.
6—Mexico City is reported almost surrounded, with only one free outlet to the sea through Jalapa and Vera Cruz.

meeting, probably at the end of May, on the revision of the Versailles treaty. The fact that the allies will consent to revise the treaty is carefully camouflaged in one of the middle clauses of the council's statement, which says "the allies do not intend to insist on a too literal interpretation of the treaty."

Battle of Wits.
This clause contains a joker, and it was for this that Lloyd George bargained with Millerand, finally giving British consent to a Syrian mandate as the price of Millerand's agreement.

Millerand, however, succeeded in inducing Lloyd George to inject a threat of occupation of more German territory if treaty violations continue.

It is the French policy that the German demand for an army of 200,000 remain ungranted until the Ruhr basin is evacuated and the various volunteer forces dissolved and the disarmament terms fulfilled.

The council drafted a note to President Wilson formally offering the United States the mandate over Armenia.

Trouble Is Averted.
The Syrian agreement is one of the constructive surprises of the conference.

No one believed the British and French were anywhere near in accord on this problem.

The connection between Premier Millerand's willingness to allow an increase of the German army and to withdraw the French demands and Great Britain's offer to cooperate in disarming Germany by force now is evident.

Prime Minister Lloyd George paid the price by withdrawing his objection to the Syrian occupation in favor of the Arabs. It was a bargain for Great Britain, especially in view of the compensation the British obtained elsewhere in Turkey and the fact it had

won Germany's gratitude for easing the treaty situation.

Wilson May Upset Plans.
President Wilson's appointment as arbiter of the Armenian problem, however, it is expected, may prove a boom when congress rejects the mandate, as President Wilson, in making a strong, self-supporting state possible, may grant Armenia Batoum, the Black sea port, and a Mediterranean port in Cilicia where the Italians are installed under a special economic agreement.

Great Britain would not accept the loss of Batoum, it is believed, nor would Italy allow an Armenian outlet on the Mediterranean.

According to the present Syrian arrangement France will not obtain Damascus. Further negotiations are expected to satisfy the French Damascus aspirations, however.

GREER COLLEGE OF MOTORING.
Learn driving, repairing, selling, actual practice; day or evening classes. Booklet D free. 1519 Wabash. Phone Cal. 2567—Ad.

FRENCH RESCUE CHICAGO GIRL FROM AINTAB

Americans Fight 18 Days When Flag Torn Down.

BY LARRY RUE.
[Chicago Tribune Foreign News Service.]
[By Special Cable.]
[Copyright: 1920: By the Tribune Company.]
BEIRUT, April 24, via London, April 26.—After fighting the Turks for eighteen days, the American relief workers at Aintab escaped to Aleppo with the French rescue column and are now there with the American refugees from Urfa, who escaped under Turk escort over territory the French troops have been unable to cover for months.

John H. Boyd, relief chief of the Aintab zone, who, through a Moslem courier on April 8, sent an appeal for help, saying the Americans were besieged and could hold off the Turks only a few more days, now is in Beirut on his way to Constantinople.

The other Aintab workers now in Aleppo are Loretta Bliley, 5506 Wayne avenue, Chicago; Elizabeth Sarris, Fort Wayne, Ind.; Elizabeth Kelly, Cleveland, O.; and Frank Piers, Ann Arbor, Mich.

Americans Go to Urfa.
American missionaries and a member of the American committee for relief of the near east left Aintab for Urfa to guard the orphanages there.

The Americans at Aintab were neutralized by the Turks for three days, beginning April 1. The American flag was torn down twice, Mr. Boyd reports. The Americans then were forced to shoot the attacking Turks to save their own lives. He says there is no question that the Americans had fought they would have perished.

Bombard the Turks.
The French relief column sent after a personal appeal to the American consul general at Beirut arrived on April 17, surrounding the city, and bombarded the Turk quarter. Sporadic fighting continued until half the troops retired.

During the early fighting the Americans evacuated one of the orphanages, but the Turks were expelled on arrival of the French. Mr. Boyd estimates the dead Turks at 500 and the Armenians at forty.

There is no news from the Americans in Maridin, Diarbeker, and Hadjin. New massacres are reported from Marash.

Surplus German Troops in Ruhr Are Withdrawn

PARIS, April 26.—Dr. Goepfert, head of the German delegation in Paris, today handed the foreign office a note stating that the additional troops which had entered the Ruhr district had all evacuated that district on April 21.

OCEAN STEAMSHIP MOVEMENTS.
Arrived.
Left.
CITY OF NEW YORK New York
LA LOUBAINE New York
CARMANIA Liverpool
WEST KASSON Shanghai
RAVILAH Yokohama
CHOTO MARU Yokohama
ROYAL ARROW Yokohama
VENIZUELA Yokohama
ARABIA MARU Kobe
DEVOLANTE Manila
Left.
SCOTIA Southampton
METIVAN Kobe
EASTERN TEMPEST Kobe
KAYSEKA Nagasaki
INDO MARU Yokohama
YONAN MARU Shimoda

According to the present Syrian arrangement France will not obtain Damascus. Further negotiations are expected to satisfy the French Damascus aspirations, however.

GREER COLLEGE OF MOTORING.
Learn driving, repairing, selling, actual practice; day or evening classes. Booklet D free. 1519 Wabash. Phone Cal. 2567—Ad.

WASHINGTON NEWS —IN BRIEF—

BY ARTHUR SEARS HENNING.
[Washington Bureau of The Tribune.]
WASHINGTON, D. C., April 26.
Pooling of the war loans of the belligerents by the league of nations, with the United States as one of the chief guarantors, and the assumption by the United States of a mandate over Armenia were condemned in the senate today.

SUGAR refiners summoned to Washington by Attorney General Palmer conferred for hours today with Howard Frazz, special assistant in charge of profiteering and high cost cases.

CHARGING conspiracy in both Republican and Democratic parties to eliminate ex-service men from active participation in political affairs, former soldiers took steps today to organize the ex-service men's national political vigilance committee.

CHAMP CLARK denied tonight that he was seeking the presidential nomination, but admitted he would accept it.

SECRETARY OF THE TREASURY HOBSON, in a letter to a correspondent, denounced a proposed capital tax as "a radical and dangerous measure."

A COALITION bill to provide heavy war tax to meet soldier bonus payments will be introduced today.

General Manager Stone of A. P. to Take a Rest

New York, April 26.—Melville E. Stone, the general manager of the Associated Press, has been granted a leave of absence on account of his health. Frederick Roy Martin, the assistant general manager, will be acting general manager during Mr. Stone's absence.



ERWIN, WASEY & COMPANY

Advertising

CHICAGO

To the production of an advertisement each of our men brings a specialized ability, a mature and comprehensive experience, an interest that is genuine and informed

UPPER SILESIA PLEBISCITE NEAR OPEN WARFARE

BY COL. HENRY J. REILLY.
[Chicago Tribune Foreign News Service.]
[Copyright: 1920: By the Tribune Company.]
KATOWITZ, Upper Silesia, April 25.—[Delayed.] A crisis is approaching in upper Silesia.

There were big Polish demonstrations in the principal cities today protesting actions by the Germans and also demanding the interallied mission suppress the sicklebeats police, or militarized police substituting a Silesian gendarmerie, half Polish, under orders to forbid the exportation of food, chemicals, and supplies in the direction of Germany. The balance of the demands virtually close upper Silesia, making it an international state, the interallied mission governing.

The Germans are holding a counter demonstration today. They maintain Polish activities in upper Silesia are propaganda, the facts here being different from in Posen. They say Polish demands are a scheme to defeat the growing chances of the Germans winning the plebiscite. They claim the allied mission interferes in the judicial courts and in business in a manner not contemplated in the treaty and permits Polish propaganda.

ALLIES SOON TO RECEIVE SOVIET TRADE ENVOYS

LONDON, April 26.—Decision to permit the entrance into allied countries of members of a Russian bolshevik commercial delegation has been reached by the supreme allied council, says a dispatch to the Exchange Telegraph company. This delegation is headed by Maxim Litvinoff, assistant bolshevik commissary of foreign affairs, but Great Britain objects to receiving him on the ground he had taken advantage of diplomatic privilege and engaged in political propaganda while in England.

Service Plates

For Wedding Gifts

At "Burley's" you will find one of the largest and most attractive service plate assortment — almost any coloring, shape or pattern desired.

The best specimens of such makers as Minton, Copeland, Coalport, Cauldon, Doulton, Royal Worcester and Crown Derby.

Prices ranging from \$30 to \$650 per dozen

Burley & Company
QUALITY CHINA & CRYSTAL
Seven North Wabash Avenue



"Good Old 904"

"Our Mack Truck, No. 904, was purchased in 1918 and used for two years at Rand, Pa. In 1920 it was shipped to Hocking, Ohio, and has been running ever since. Whenever there is any particularly hard work to do or a truck to be pulled out, 'Good Old 904' always gets the job."

AFTER ten years of uninterrupted use, "Good Old 904"—displaying typical Bull Dog Mack stamina—is still the best truck in the fleet.

Mack Engineering features combined with 18 basic Mack patents have developed the Motor Truck the world is talking about.

Capacities, 1½ to 7½ tons. Tractors to 15 tons.

The consistent performance of Mack trucks, small as well as large, as compared with other trucks was doubtlessly the reason that Rothschild & Company purchased Macks again when they were last in the market. That they cost less to operate would be your reason also for rebuying, would it not?

Mack International Motor Truck Corporation
1808 So. Michigan Ave., Chicago, Ill.

"PERFORMANCE COUNTS"

Chickering
AMPICO
Reproducing Piano

Demonstration Recitals
Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday afternoons — at 3 o'clock in our Ampico Studio

BISSELL-WEISERT
PIANO COMPANY
412 South Michigan Av.
The Fine Arts Bldg.

Solving Payroll Problems

All payroll work must be faced squarely as an item of overhead. You can reduce this operation to its simplest terms, save time, money, and insure absolute accuracy with an International Payroll Machine.

This machine lists and adds the payroll, tells the exact amount of each denomination that must be drawn, counts the money into envelopes, checks payroll, balances cash and keeps a printed record of the amount put into each envelope.

Write for full information about the International Payroll Machine and a list of present users.

International
MONEY MACHINE COMPANY
Reading, Pa.
Manufacturers of Payroll and
Filing and Adding Machines
Chicago Office: 851 Marquette Bldg.
Phone, MAJESTIC 7223
Offices in all principal cities

U. S. AVERS ARMENIA SENATE

Plan to Pool V Also Agitates

BY ARTHUR SEARS HENNING.
Washington, D. C., April 26.—A French and an American senator have the league of nations war loans of the belligerents with the if the latter joins the of the chief guarantors reduction in the senate.

While this new aspect of nations was being for the cloakrooms were opposition to the United States a mandate for Armenia. The scheme found no support in the senate. Senator Hitchcock feared entanglements.

Attention also was statement at San Remo had been unable to find it had no funds. The United States to provide.

Pool War Debt
Senator Lodge had rate a dispatch from President Poincaré the effect that pooling would be again considered.

"During the Paris peace conference," Senator Lodge said, "I was a delegate that pressure to get an agreement or league covenant was of different war loans of different countries and all jointly liable. Of course making the United States Britain alone the guarantors most of the guarantors have been of great value."

Reading again, the senator said that two plans were proposed at Brussels, one for an international bond to fund war loans, the other a plan, drawn by J. M. which Senator Lodge said "the whole burden of Germany upon us."

United States Must D
"It is coming up again by giving power to the easy amendment or proposition we shall be it," the senator continued, "not being in the league be liable unless we join in a treaty to pool."

"To my mind it is a very, not that I think we accede to it, but if we such a treaty it was a change to the whole alliance and would mean a burden which it would be difficult."

Senator Hitchcock in telling the idea of the pool plan, he was seriously concerned.

Worthy of Attention
"It is not preposterous," Senator Lodge replied, "these Frenchmen and the League of Nations are not preposterous; nor is it."

"Does the senator think which had nothing fighting the war would some a share of the debt?"

"I am not saying it is a sum it," Senator Lodge said, "people who assume these who own it, and make it joint, but the no objection to having it."

Senators Knox, New, said that the mandate would not be acceptable to can people. Senator Hitchcock.

30 BOYGAN HELD FOR EMPTY SC

Thirty alleged boy gang members were held for trial in the city of Chicago, charged with holding up a mail train.

The depositions, estimated at \$100,000, were taken when classes were resumed. Windows had been broken in the Westwood South Sangamon street glass were smashed and were battered with hammers cut to shreds, and clothing and dishes were moving picture machine and gymnasium apparatus stolen or wrecked.

Jesse G. Hults, special agent in charge of the unique den in the real estate street, where were seized. Many stolen from the Westwood recovered.

All boys over 14 years turned over to the Juvenile court.

De Valera Bans Protests Sir Art

At a banquet to celebrate the Congress hotel at the Congress hotel, Dublin, Ireland, Sir Arthur Guinness, the Irish ambassador to the United States, demanded the recognition of the Irish Free State.

An appeal for Irish independence was made by former Congress member of New Jersey, Kincaid of New Jersey, who was offered by Michael President of the board of trustees, calling on the League of Nations and Democratic nations to recognize the Irish Free State.

Mr. de Valera called absolute noninterference the case of Ireland taken up by the government for Atlanta, Ga., immediately the address.

Bela Kun's U. S. Freed and Return

VIENNA, April 26.—American, for some time Austria with Bela Kun, the Hungarian dictator, and his associates, has been released and safe conduct to the United States.

U.S. AVERSE TO ARMENIA RULE, SENATE BELIEF

Plan to Pool War Debts Also Agitates Solons.

BY ARTHUR SEARS HENNING, Washington, D. C., April 26.—(Special.)—A French and British move to have the league of nations fund the war loans of the belligerents as joint obligations with the United States, if the latter joins the league as one of the chief guarantors, stirred up a reaction in the senate today.

While this new aspect of the league of nations was being debated on the floor the clockrooms were buzzing with a mandate for Armenia, as proposed by the San Remo conference. The scheme found no advocates, even Senator Hitchcock fearing international entanglements.

Attention also was directed to the statement at San Remo that the league had been unable to function because it had no funds. The question raised whether the allies expected the United States to provide the funds.

Pool War Debts, Plan. Senator Lodge had read in the senate a dispatch from Paris quoting former President Poincaré and others, to the effect that pooling the war debts would be again considered at the Brussels meeting of the league of nations.

"During the Paris peace conference," Senator Lodge said, "I heard from a delegate that there was great pressure to get an agreement in the treaty or league covenant, whereby all war loans of different countries could be merged and all engaged become jointly liable. Of course, that meant making the United States and Great Britain alone the guarantors, for the most of the other guarantors would not have been of great value."

Reading again, the senator brought out that two plans were to be proposed at Brussels, one the French plan for an international bond issue to refund all war loans; the other, the British plan, drawn by J. Maynard Keynes, which Senator Lodge said would put "the whole burden of rehabilitating Germany upon us."

United States Must Decide Question. "It is coming up again, and either by giving power to the league by necessary amendment or as a separate proposition we shall be brought to face it," the senator continued. "Of course, not being in the league, we shall not be liable unless we voluntarily join or enter in a treaty to pool all the debts."

"To my mind it is a very great danger that I think we are going to make it, but if we are drawn into such a treaty it would become a serious danger to the whole American people and would mean a burden of taxation which it would be difficult to estimate."

Senator Hitchcock interrupted, ridiculing the idea that such a proposal would be seriously considered by the league.

Worthy of Attention. "It is not preposterous at all," Senator Lodge replied. "The opinions of Frenchmen and Englishmen are not preposterous; nor is Mr. Keynes'."

"I am not saying they would assume it," Senator Lodge said. "The people who assume the debt would be those who owe it, and the object is to make it joint, but the neutral will have no objection to having us pay the bill."

Senators Knox, New, and Moses assented that a mandate for Armenia would not be acceptable to the American people. Senator Hitchcock agreed.

30 BOY GANGSTERS HELD FOR RAIDSON EMPTY SCHOOLS

Thirty alleged boy gangsters are under arrest and a score more are being sought by trunk officers of the board of education in connection with damage done to more than fifty school buildings during the engineers' strike last week.

The depredations, estimated at more than \$10,000, were discovered yesterday when classes were resumed.

Windows were broken by the score. In the Wentworth school, 640 South Sangamon street, 107 panes of glass were smashed. Teachers' desks were battered with hatchets, curtains were cut to shreds, and books, tables, chairs, and dishes were stolen.

The moving picture machine was missing and gymnasium apparatus was either stolen or wrecked.

Jesse G. Hult, special truancy officer, aided by several assistants, raided a unique den in the rear of 4740 South Halsted street, where eight youths were seized. Many of the articles stolen from the Wentworth school were recovered.

All boys over 14 years of age will be turned over to the juvenile court, it was announced.

De Valera Banquet Here Protests Sir Arthur Geddes

At a banquet to Samonn de Valera at the Congress hotel last night resolutions offered by Edward Hines were adopted protesting against the recognition of Sir Arthur Geddes as British ambassador to the United States and demanding the recognition of the Sinn Féin envoy, Sir Patrick Gilmore.

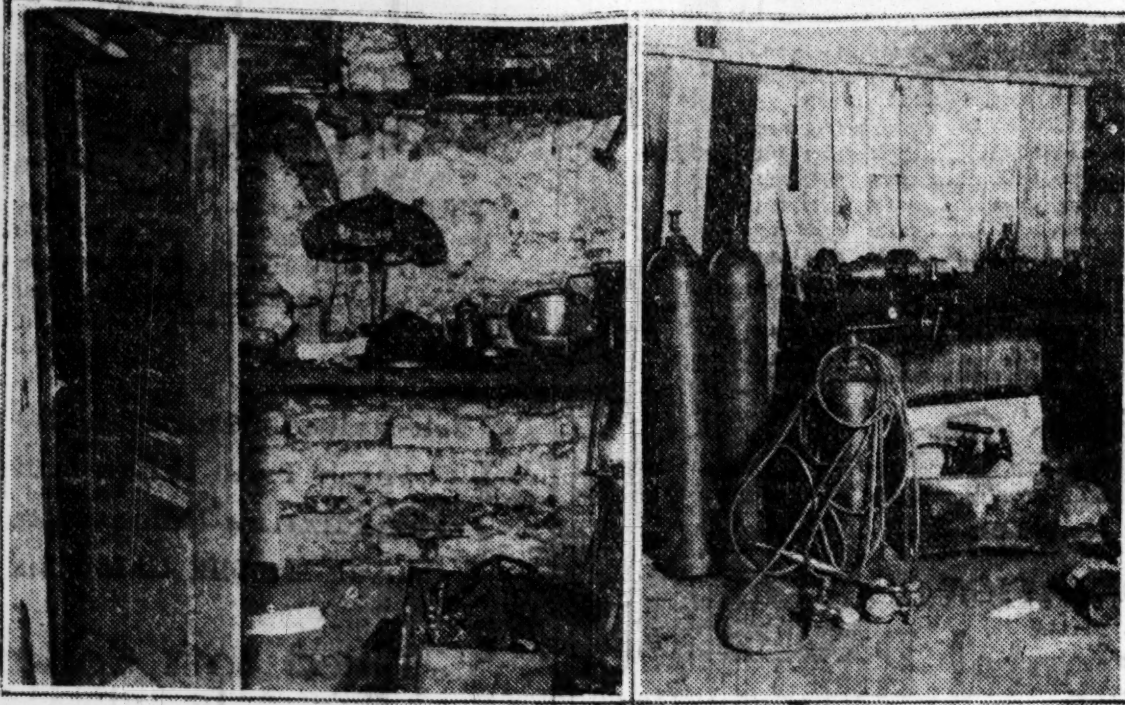
An appeal for Irish freedom was made by former Congressman Eugene Kincaid of New Jersey. A resolution was offered by Michael J. Faherty, president of the board of local improvements, calling upon the Republican and Democratic national conventions to recognize Irish independence.

De Valera called for a policy of absolute noninterference in the event the case of Ireland is not actively taken up by the government. He left for Atlanta, Ga., immediately following the address.

Bela Kun's U. S. Cellmate Freed and Returned to U.S.

VIENNA, April 26.—Julius Brill, an American, for some months interned in Austria with Bela Kun, former Hungarian dictator, and Bela Kun's associate, has been released and given a safe conduct to the United States.

THE TREASURE HOUSE OF THE "MASTER CROOK"



The den of Harrigan and his band, showing part of the loot and the tools they used in robber raids. The police declare the gang's equipment the most complete they have ever encountered.



JAMES BYRNE, Policeman believed to have fired shot that killed "master burglar" during battle in and near Town Hall police station.



James J. Harrigan, the "master burglar," killed in a pistol fight at the Town Hall police station.

WOMAN TELLS OF WOOING OF 'BURGLAR KING'

Faints at His Bier; Treasure Is Found.

(Continued from first page.)

stole her Jordan automobile, and sold it to Mrs. Needham.

"Why, he even insisted on giving me a bill of sale for it," she said. "I gave him \$500 in Liberty bonds, \$1,000 in Virginia-Carolina Chemical company bonds, and \$1,000 in New York Traction company bonds. Their market value was \$1,500, the price for which he sold me the car."

"He was undoubtedly the thief of his car to the Chicago detective bureau. Detective Sergeant Neary and Vaughn traced the car to Mrs. Needham's garage, and informed her it had been stolen. She gave it up."

Never Saw Him Again.

"I was overwhelmed with grief," she said. "I asked them to find Harrigan. But I never saw him again. That was in August of 1919."

"One day the mail man brought a letter. It contained all the bonds I had given him. An hour later there was a long distance telephone call. A man's voice—it was Mr. Harrigan's—asked, 'Is this Mrs. Needham?' and hung up. He just wanted to see that I was home so I should receive the letter, I believe."

A reminiscent look came into her eye.

"I wonder—I wonder if the fact of my refusing to marry him didn't cause him to turn thief. I know he was honest when he roomed with me."

The police believe otherwise, though they are satisfied Mrs. Needham had no knowledge of or connection with Harrigan's career. The elaborate car, with which the warehouse and headquarters used by Harrigan at 2214 North Clark street had been planned, convinced them that only a man long familiar with criminal activities could have directed its construction.

Had Elaborate Equipment.

Every convenience for prosecuting the trade of burglary on a large scale is included in its equipment. On the first floor, the room fronting on Clark street is equipped as an office, with the added luxury of a talking machine. There also was a massive roll top desk in which was found a bottle of morphine tablets, indicating Harrigan used drugs.

A door from that room leads into another room, which was fitted as an expert mechanic's workshop, complete with welding outfit, and complement of tools and work bench. This was used partly for the removal of identification marks from automobile engines and remaking them, the police believe.

The third room on the first floor, in the extreme rear, contained gas tanks. This room fronts on Sedgwick street, and has a large door. It was at this entrance that neighbors used to see trucks drive up and discharge strange loads at all hours of the night.

Basement Is a Fort.

The basement was a masterpiece of craftsmanship. It contained a miniature fortress, a place of refuge, and a hidden vault, all entered by means of a concealed stairway. Strategically placed loopholes covering the stairway had been bored in the walls.

The vault itself contained, in addition to valuable oriental rugs, rare violins, and jewelry, a complete small arms arsenal. There were dozens of revolvers and shotguns and hundreds of rounds of ammunition.

The warehouse was, in fact, a complete department store. The methodical Harrigan had sorted and placed each article in its proper shelf or receptacle.

ceptacle. His discrimination was as marked in jewelry as in oriental rugs. His penchant was diamonds set in platinum, apparently. The store of these in the vault was remarkable for its variety and the costliness of each jewel. Likewise he was fond of rubies.

His collection of watches would have done credit to a State street jeweler. And each article in his warehouse, whether ring or automobile engine, had been set down in his ledger with the name of the victim, the date of the robbery, and the market value.

"He was undoubtedly," said Chief Garrity, "one of the greatest geniuses turned criminal ever encountered in Chicago. His talent for scientific systematizing approaches the marvelous. He must have had a large organization."

"In fact, we expect our investigation to uncover clues that will lead to many arrests. I believe he had women as well as men working for him. The booty found in the warehouse will easily approximate \$100,000."

Harrigan's card index system, which was discovered yesterday, was supplemental to the notebook found in his coat pocket. In the card index the names of prospective victims, as well as addresses and ways of gaining entrance, are given. Memoranda as to the nature of the loot to be obtained and its value also appears.

The crook also was an automobile mechanic. Among his effects were found carefully illustrated guides for driving and handling the gear shifts of all better class automobiles. With these were found license numbers of various automobiles, and names and addresses of the owners with comment, "new," "good," "fair condition," etc.

Stole Lorimer's Clothes.

Harrigan was fastidious about his clothes. Therefore he often visited tailoring establishments. It was at the shop of Charles E. Bryan, 2845 Broadway, which he robbed last Dec. 24, that he obtained five suits that had been made for former Senator Lorimer. He was wearing one of them when killed. Altogether he got thirty suits from Bryan.

Harry Keating, 2210 Sedgwick street, former member of the 15th Illinois cavalry, now in the recruiting service, told of having seen Harrigan and his confederates.

Keating described a black automobile, its side showing the scars of a collision, that he saw draw up to the door in Sedgwick street. A man and woman got out, entered the store, he said, and remained until morning.

At other times, he declared, two boys accompanied the pair, carrying parcels and bundles.

Mr. Keating's story was corroborated by Mrs. Julia Gardner, who operates a small grocery at Sedgwick and Webster.

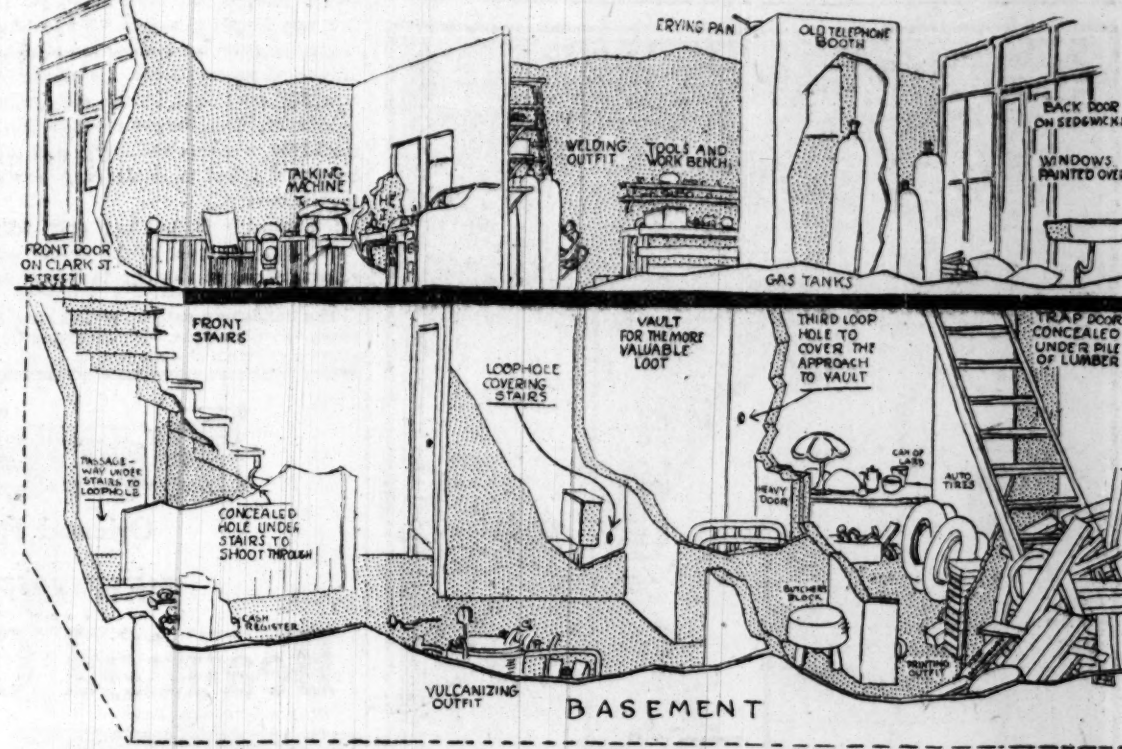
Chicago Tribune.

THE WORLD'S GREATEST NEWSPAPER

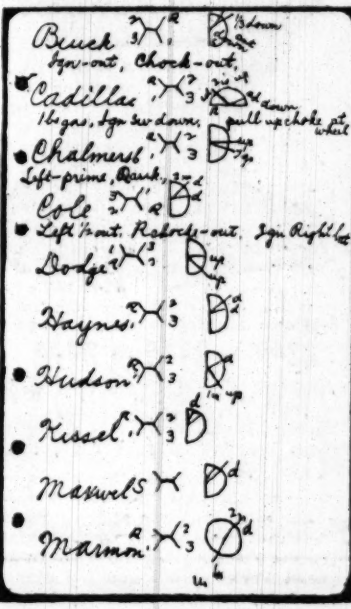
Vol. LXXIX, Tuesday, April 27, No. 101.

Published daily except on Sundays and holidays. Subscription price—Daily with Sunday one year—\$10.00.

Entered as Second Class Matter, June 8, 1908, at the Post Office at Chicago, Illinois, under act of March 3, 1879.



Sketch of the interior of the master burglar's den, showing the secret stairway, the loopholes at which he was prepared to defend the place against invasion, and the vault where the most valuable of the varied loot was stored.



Page from the notebook of James J. Harrigan, showing his memoranda on the operation of the gear shifts of various makes of motor cars.

I got back my goods," he said, "but because the officers killed the burglar. If more people would do the same thing we might have more dead burglars instead of paroled ones."

Mr. Hoffstrom identified \$300 worth of miscellaneous electrical supplies stolen April 12.

Many other robbery victims crowded the station. They were asked to return today or tomorrow, as the amount of stolen goods was so great two men working all day could not sort it.

It was learned that during the years he had been in Chicago Harrigan had been a strike breaker as well as a private detective. For a while he was night clerk in the New Wellington hotel.

Acted as Chauffeur. Elizabeth Van Enger, daughter of A. J. Van Enger, said last night that Harrigan was employed as a chauffeur at their summer home in St. Joseph in 1919. He was there from June until August. They only knew him as William, she declared. He was quiet and gentlemanly and left, ostensibly for Chicago, on a Monday. Their automobile was stolen on the following Wednesday, she said.

At the Alexian Brothers' hospital Desk Sergeant George Gierman and Policeman Patrick Frank Wiemer, both wounded in the legs in the battle in which Harrigan was killed, were progressing nicely, their physicians assured. Their fellow policemen have appeared in large numbers to compliment them, and there is much talk that they are in line for the Tribune award of bravery.

Bank Employees Strike in the Larger Italian Cities

ROME, April 26.—A strike of bank employees in Rome and other cities of the country began today.

Otto Hoffstrom, owner of an electrical shop at 309 West North avenue, set a price at when he gave the Town Hall police \$50 for killing Harrigan.

"I am not giving the money because I got back my goods," he said, "but because the officers killed the burglar. If more people would do the same thing we might have more dead burglars instead of paroled ones."

Mr. Hoffstrom identified \$300 worth of miscellaneous electrical supplies stolen April 12.

Many other robbery victims crowded the station. They were asked to return today or tomorrow, as the amount of stolen goods was so great two men working all day could not sort it.

It was learned that during the years he had been in Chicago Harrigan had been a strike breaker as well as a private detective. For a while he was night clerk in the New Wellington hotel.

Acted as Chauffeur. Elizabeth Van Enger, daughter of A. J. Van Enger, said last night that Harrigan was employed as a chauffeur at their summer home in St. Joseph in 1919. He was there from June until August. They only knew him as William, she declared. He was quiet and gentlemanly and left, ostensibly for Chicago, on a Monday. Their automobile was stolen on the following Wednesday, she said.

At the Alexian Brothers' hospital Desk Sergeant George Gierman and Policeman Patrick Frank Wiemer, both wounded in the legs in the battle in which Harrigan was killed, were progressing nicely, their physicians assured. Their fellow policemen have appeared in large numbers to compliment them, and there is much talk that they are in line for the Tribune award of bravery.

Bank Employees Strike in the Larger Italian Cities

ROME, April 26.—A strike of bank employees in Rome and other cities of the country began today.

Otto Hoffstrom, owner of an electrical shop at 309 West North avenue, set a price at when he gave the Town Hall police \$50 for killing Harrigan.

"I am not giving the money because I got back my goods," he said, "but because the officers killed the burglar. If more people would do the same thing we might have more dead burglars instead of paroled ones."

Mr. Hoffstrom identified \$300 worth of miscellaneous electrical supplies stolen April 12.

Many other robbery victims crowded the station. They were asked to return today or tomorrow, as the amount of stolen goods was so great two men working all day could not sort it.

HARRIGAN'S SOFT SIDE INDICATED IN LETTER HOME

A personal touch was given the dead burglar through a large blotter found on Harrigan's desk. He had used it to blot a letter, apparently written to relatives who were very dear to him. Reconstructed by means of a mirror, the letter reads in part:

"Chicago, Feb. 9, 1919.

"Dear Sis: . . . any day . . . to the kids . . . comes . . . the . . . expose light . . . there . . . parcel . . . Herewith . . . wrong . . . frame . . . the little . . . the package . . . like . . . I would like to say it as I used to . . . today . . . Grandma is some lover of home brew . . . water bottle . . . and Goodnight night . . . Without the kiddies . . . More . . . to help some of my . . . as I would like to . . . future . . ."

GIRL QUARRELS WITH AUNT, FLITS; HUNTED IN LOOP

The police last night were asked to search for Mary Trester, 23 years old, of 441 Sigel street, who during the day had left the home of her aunt, Mrs. Emma Appel, following a quarrel.

"After searching for her at the homes of her friends," said Mrs. Appel, "I learned she had been keeping company with a 'rich business man' said to be living at the Hotel La Salle."

Detectives went to the hotel, but failed to find any clue.

Miss Marie McGrath, 18 years old, of 2084 Park avenue, who had been missing since Friday, was found by her mother in a west side rooming house. She had \$400 of \$1,000 missed by Mrs. McGrath from its hiding place, and a number of guinea pigs, rabbits, birds, and other pets she had bought. Mrs. McGrath said she believed Marie was slightly demented.

Poland and Ukraine Sign Peace and Defense Treaty

WARSAW, April 26.—(By the Associated Press.)—The foreign office announces that a treaty between Poland and Ukraine will be signed within a few days. The independence of the Ukrainians will be proclaimed soon afterwards. It is understood that Poland agrees to support the Ukrainian military at the proper time when the Ukrainian army may occupy territory extending to the Dnieper.



The Soft Collar Fastener with 2,000,000 Friends

The simplicity, efficiency and neatness of Slip-Grip have made it a universal favorite.

It is firmly established in the favor of men who give thought to their personal appearance.

Slip-Grip has no hooks or sharp points to injure the collar.

Spring tension fingers hold it in place without muzzing or tearing the fabric.

Just slip it on. It will not work loose, yet a gentle pull removes it.

Slip-Grip can be adjusted to any position in a moment, and saves much valuable time.

The inconspicuous strip of gold adds smartness to the soft collar as well as a neat appearance.

On sale at clothiers, haberdashers, department stores, jewelers and drug stores. Fifty cents up.

Ask your dealer to show you a pair of Slip-Grip Cuff Links, too.

Good Specialty Co. St. Louis, Missouri Distributors

A Famous Thoroughfare and a Famous Store

"Boul Mich" is a world-famous thoroughfare.

Within a few years it has joined the ranks of The Strand, Rue de la Paix and Fifth Avenue.

It has some of the greatest shops in the world.

One of them is our store at Monroe Street.

Every little while something happens that makes us realize we are known around the world; classed with the world's great furnishing stores.

It gives one a queer feeling suddenly to discover himself away out there in front.

It makes him a bit humble-minded if all he has been thinking about, when he was getting there, was how useful he could make himself to other men.

And it makes him more than ever determined to keep on deserving the good will and good report of others.

Copper & Copper
LONDON
CHICAGO
DETROIT
MILWAUKEE
MINNEAPOLIS

TWO CHICAGO STORES
Michigan Avenue at Monroe Street
Hotel Sherman
Clothing is sold at the Michigan Ave. Store Only

VAUGHAN'S GARDEN BULLETIN
A Prize Garden Plan for Planting at Once!
I TELL you, most satisfactory for home growing, very productive, beautiful and easy to plant, picking condition a week longer than others.
Packet, 10¢; the 50¢; the 100¢; the 50¢; the 100¢.
Mammoth Catalogue, 144 Pages, FREE
Vaughan's Seed Store
RANDOLPH NEAR DEARBORN

ANONA
Green Chile Cheese
cuts the high cost of living

U. S. SITS AROUND WHILE EUROPE IS LEARNING TO FLY

British Attitude to Science Contrasted with Ours.

(BY A STAFF CORRESPONDENT.)
Washington, D. C., April 26.—[Special.]—The great development of commercial aviation in Europe, with government guidance and encouragement, constitutes a striking contrast with the backwardness of the United States in this field and the failure of the American government to promote air navigation.

Great Britain has established in its air ministry a department of civil aviation, which has been assiduously promoting private commercial aircraft construction, laying out flying courses, establishing landing fields and supervising air transportation generally.

Every Branch Protected.

One division of the civil aviation department issues licenses to pilots after examination, supervises the construction of and inspects airframes, and passes on the airworthiness of planes and dirigibles.

There is a meteorological division which disseminates information on air conditions and establishes and operates wireless stations for the service of commercial aircraft. Weather maps are produced at six-hour intervals and forecasts of wind conditions over each aerial course.

French No Laggards.

The French government has organized a civil aviation branch of the department of aviation, and has allotted \$18,000,000 francs to subsidies which take the form of bonuses on distances flown by private flyers, bonuses to pilots and crews for good work, premiums on tonnage carried, and special bonuses up to 25 per cent per annum of the total value of machines of military type immediately available in emergency for use by the state.

Three large French companies are now operating regular passenger aerial lines, and the government is establishing services with Africa, Spain, Czechoslovakia, and the near east. The African route is to be extended to South America, via Dakar, for which purpose four giant dirigibles are being constructed.

Germany Speeding Ahead.

Germany, a pioneer in commercial aviation, has distributed contracts for postal, police and other government plants to sixteen large aircraft factories, as a means of keeping their forces together until raw materials can be obtained. Hundreds of plants, and dirigibles to ply the commercial routes now being laid out by the government, will be built.

In Italy there is a civil aviation department of the ministry of transport, which controls the production of com-

PRIZES OF A BARGAIN RUSH

Chicago Girl Buys Two Spring Creations at Smith College Alumnae Millinery Sale.



MISS GLORIA CHANDLER.

It was "blue Monday," but when choice millinery of original and snappy design is on sale women can't be bothered by inclement weather. A bargain millinery sale was held yesterday by the Chicago Alumnae of Smith College, which is raising a fund of \$4,000,000.

Commercial and military aircraft, accessories, and air transportation.

But U. S. Is Asleep.

In marked contrast, is the attitude of the American government toward such private commercial ventures. A well known American aircraft manufacturer obtained a contract for the sale of twenty-five planes to China.

He asked the war department to sell him twenty-five of its 11,000 surplus Liberty motors to be installed in these planes. The war department refused to sell any of them, although, in the words of an American air service officer, "the Liberty motor is practically obsolete for up to date military use."

The American failed to fill his contract, but a British concern got the contract for the twenty-five planes and twenty-five more.

BONDSMAN GIVES BACK \$250 UNDER ORDER BY JUDGE

Charles Steingard, 2034 North Robey street, professional bondsman, yesterday was forced to return \$250 to Lawrence Gstetter by Judge Oscar Hebel in the Criminal court. Gstetter is awaiting trial on a charge of assault to murder. He charged he gave Steingard \$250 to obtain his liberty and that Steingard failed to render any service for the money.

Steingard said he had only \$125. "Get the remainder of the money and return it before the day is over," the judge said.

The bondsman said he would have to pawn his diamonds. He returned in a short time with the money.

SACRAMENTO, CAL., SETS LIVELY CLIP IN CENSUS RACE

Washington, D. C., April 26.—Population statistics issued by the bureau of census today included:

	Pop.	Incr.	Pct.
Sacramento, Cal.	65,557	21,161	32.3
Shawnee, Okla.	15,548	5,874	38.0
Hibbing, Minn.	15,089	6,257	41.5
Virginia, Minn.	14,022	5,540	39.5
Niles, O.	13,080	4,719	36.1
East Youngstown, O.	11,287	6,265	55.5
East Moline, Ill.	8,475	4,010	47.3
Rock Falls, Ill.	2,937	210	7.2
Attica, Ind.	3,392	57	1.7

Revell & Co.

Oriental Rug Merchants

NEW IMPORTATION

Beautiful Oriental Rugs



Antique Anatolian Small Rugs

22.50 27.50 37.50

Average size, 1.8 to 2 feet wide

and from 2.9 to 3.4 feet long.

These are all in quaint designs,

strong weaves in soft rose, blue

and red tones.

Among the saleswomen were Lucy

Allen, Mrs. E. L. Chapman, and Helen

Perkins.

The sale, held at the Smith College

tearoom, will continue until Saturday.

Wabash Av. Alexander H. Revell & Co. Adams St.

Persian Mossouls

75.00 85.00 95.00

Persian Mossouls, soft tone effects—from 5 to 7 feet long and from 3.3 to 4 feet wide.

Baluchistan Rugs

55.00 65.00 75.00

These Oriental Baluchistan Rugs are all in the dark rich red and blue tones. Average size.

Persian Dozars

97.50 110.00 125.00

The almost square size rugs, 4.5x 6.5. Quaint Oriental effects in soft tones.

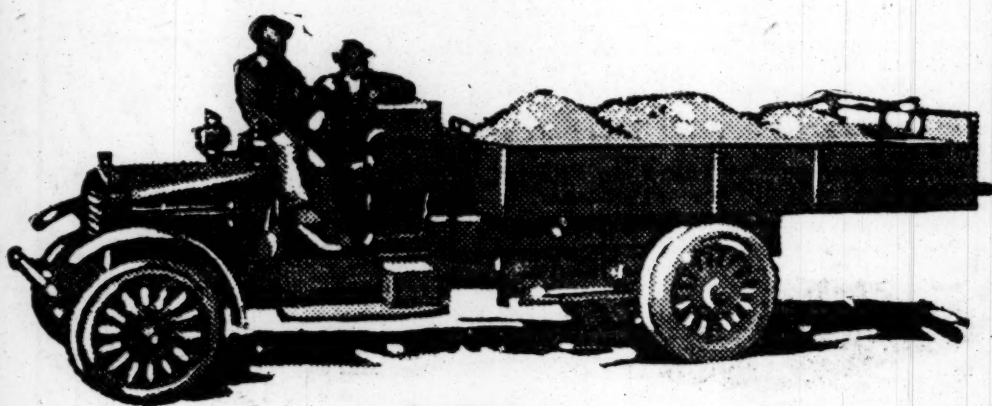
Persian Sarouk Rugs

135.00 150.00 165.00

In unusual designs and soft effects in all tones. Sizes range from 3 to 4 feet wide and from 4.6 to 6 feet long.

48 of the first 50 Pierce-Arrow trucks are still running after 8 years

—most of them for their original owners, many of whom now own fleets of Pierce-Arrows.



No. 17 is used by the West End Consolidated Mining Company of Tonopah, Nev., and in 8 years it has covered 75,000 miles. It operates under very severe road and climatic conditions, likely to cause excessive

wear and tear, yet the veteran stands up and delivers regularly. Recently the company stamped its approval on 17's service by buying two additional 5-ton Pierce-Arrows, saying they regarded its operating and maintenance cost as wonderfully low.

Regular inspection is essential to keep trucks running. It detects trouble before trouble becomes serious and prevents costly repairs. Pierce-Arrows are inspected free monthly.

WHY PIERCE-ARROW?

1. Delivers more work in a given time.
2. Loses less time on the job and off the job.
3. Costs less to operate and less to maintain.
4. Lasts longer, depreciates less and commands a higher resale price at all times.



H. Paulman & Co.

Peoria 2420 Michigan Blvd. South Bend

CHICAGO

Write for book *The First Fifty*

Delpark Union Suits

It won't be long before you shed your "heavies," so why not prepare now for the warmer weather? As a feature, we are offering Delpark Union Suits with the closed crotch and two-button side opening in assorted checked \$2 nainsook at

Self-striped Madras, \$2.50 and \$3

Surah Twill Union Suits, \$4

Silk Mixture Union Suits, \$5.50

Royal Jap Silk Union Suits, \$9

Need Soft Collars?

JUST arrived, a wonderful assortment of Delpark Collars—the kind you want 50c for style as well as service.

Copley Chamberlain Harvard
Limore Plaza Linnard
Ambassador St. Charles Princeton

Pure Silk Carlton Collar, 75c

Henry C. Lytton & Sons

State and Jackson—on N. E. Corner

Mail Orders Filled.

Foster Shoes for Women and Children

There is a distinctive Foster Shoe for every occasion

Value

The intrinsic value of all Foster productions is determined by quality of materials and character of workmanship. Prices are relative

Foster Pumps \$12.50 to \$18

Foster Hosiery \$3.50 to \$10

Foster Shoes for the Junior Girls are moderately priced

F. E. FOSTER & COMPANY
115 NORTH WABASH AVENUE

Chicago Motor Club

Michigan Blvd. at 33rd St.

You enjoy the benefits of this beautiful club home when you join the Chicago Motor Club. A good place to bring your family and friends. Has up-to-date cafe, serving excellent food at fair prices; lounging rooms, billiard room and every modern comfort.

The Legal Department of the Chicago Motor Club handles free of charge for members all automobile damage cases (excepting personal injury) not in excess of \$50.00. Also represents in court those who are alleged violators of speed or traffic laws.

The Touring Bureau supplies up-to-the-minute road information with maps and logs to any part of the country. The Insurance Department provides complete protection at a saving in cost and prompt service in case of loss or accident.

Our system of official hotels and garages prevents profiteering and assures special service to members while touring. Our membership card secures entrée to outside clubs and our Radiator Emblem is universally respected.

All these benefits for only \$10 a year (\$1 extra for emblem). \$5.00 a year to those living outside of Cook County. Drop in and see us, or fill out coupon and get complete information.

Membership now 8,451—increasing daily



CHAS. M. HAYES, Pres.,
Chicago Motor Club,
254 Michigan Ave.,
Chicago, Ill.

Dear Sir:
I am interested in the service rendered by your Club and the benefits to be derived from membership. Please send me a blank application and a sample copy of "Motor News."

Name

Address



Ready tuxedos

MEN that can afford custom tailor prices are just the ones that are buying our tuxedo suits. There's no waiting a month or two—they're ready; and regardless of price they \$75 couldn't be finer.

And \$70 \$80 \$85

Maurice L Rothschild

Southwest corner Jackson and State

Chicago Minneapolis St. Paul

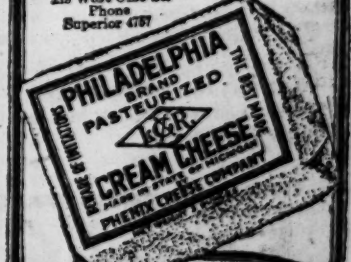


Walnut Creams

Work Philadelphia Cream Cheese and chopped olives into balls, roll in cracker crumbs, flatten, place English walnuts top and bottom.

Delicious!
You want Philadelphia Cream Cheese. Make sure you get it with "PHILADELPHIA" on the label. It is

A PHENIX PRODUCT
PHENIX CHEESE COMPANY
218 West Ohio St.
Phone Superior 6177



PHENIX MEANS GOOD CHEESE

Subscribe for The Tribune

JUTLAND WARNING BRITON

Jellicoe's Defense Would Lose

BY JOHN

(Chicago Tribune Foreign)

(By Special)

LONDON, April 26.

Light on the battle of

thrown today in an

view with Command

lars of the British

mons and leader in B

cles of the offensive

wartime. Bellairs has

publication he has ob

information on the

which made the battle

British victory

Commander Bellairs

States that if it foll

Jutland policy of naval

the Philippines.

The Secret

The most important

made for the first time

why Rear Admiral E

commanded the battle

ron of the Barham ty

fought splendidly unt

val turned away, inst

Beatty in an effort

German. Bellairs say

a secret battle order

Jellicoe's book that wh

the opposite end of t

battle cruisers.

Admiral Thomas' wi

away, he had no mean

tion, and he obeyed

Had he any idea that

allowing the Germans

spection, he would

Beatty.

Whole Idea De

"This order, like a

Jellicoe, reveals his

conception of battle,"

mean "putting the fast

end of the line with

ing the fleet together

ensive ideas let the

the slow ships and go

Jellicoe's whole concep

defensive of commun

eration. His whole

this he failed partly

control of the battle.

"All in His

Jellicoe throw away

Jutland, where he had

Never in history has

great an advantage in

hice says he had no re

not go. He had a gre

serve, not counting th

Italian superiority ov

He threw away the ad

prise. He knew he w

German fleet and the G

"At 5.55 Jellicoe sight

the cruisers in action; a

absolutely the enemy

kill some of his own sh

enemy. But not until

know he was meeting

when he saw the ring

long around him.

Another Advanta

*Jellicoe also threw

Y

The

A scientific film

tests, is now advi

JUTLAND FIASCO WARNING TO U. S., BRITON ASSERTS

Jellicoe's Defensive Policy
Would Lose Philippines.

BY JOHN STEELE.
(Chicago Tribune Foreign News Service.)
(By Special Cable.)

(Copyright: 1920. By the Tribune Company.)
LONDON, April 26.—Starting new light on the battle of Jutland was thrown today in an exclusive interview with Commander Carlisle Bellairs, of the British house of commons and leader in British naval circles of the offensive theory of naval warfare. Bellairs has written an important book on Jutland, but since its publication he has obtained much new information on the circumstances which made the battle fall short of a British victory.

Commander Bellairs warns the United States that if it follows the Jellicoe policy of naval warfare it will lose the Philippines.

The Secret Order.

The most important disclosure now made for the first time is the reason why Rear Admiral Evan Thomas, who commanded the battle cruiser squadron of the Barham type and who had fought splendidly until Jellicoe's arrival, turned away, instead of following Jellicoe in an effort to destroy the Germans. Bellairs says it was due to a secret battle order not mentioned in Jellicoe's book that when in doubt the battle squadron would form at the opposite end of the line to the battle cruisers.

Admiral Thomas' wireless was shot away, he had no means of communication, and he obeyed standing orders. Had he any idea that the order meant leaving the Germans to escape destruction, he would have followed Jellicoe.

Whole Idea Defensive.

"This order, like all others from Jellicoe, reveals his purely defensive conception of battle," said Bellairs. "It meant putting the fastest ships at the end of the line with the idea of keeping the fleet together as a unit. Offensive ideas let the fast ships lead the slow ships and go after the enemy. Jellicoe's whole conception of war is defensive. His whole idea is the preservation of communications. Even in the battle of Jutland he failed partly for British loss of the battle."

"All in His Favor."

"Jellicoe threw away the battle of Jutland, where he had all in his favor. Never in history has one fleet had so great an advantage in numbers. Jellicoe says he had no reserves. That is not so. He had a great fleet in reserve not counting the French and Italian superiority over the Austrians. He threw away the advantage of surprise. He knew he would meet the German fleet and the Germans didn't. At 5:55 Jellicoe sighted his own battle cruisers in action; at 6:14 he knew definitely the enemy's position; at 6:15 some of his own ships fired on the enemy. But not until 6:30 did Scheer know he was meeting the British fleet when he saw the ring of fire six miles long around him.

Another Advantage Lost.

"Jellicoe also threw away the ad-

WOMEN JOIN LEGION'S DRIVE

Leaders of Feminine Auxiliaries and Men's Posts Agree on Double Membership Campaign.



ROGER V. FLORY AND MRS. W. H. SPRING.

(Tribune Photo.)

Illinois posts of the American Legion on May 2 will open a more extended drive for members and the auxiliary posts of women will share in it to add to their own numbers. This was decided upon yesterday at a meeting held at the Illinois headquarters of the legion in the Conway building.

Roger V. Flory, state director of organization, promised the women conferees the cooperation for which they asked.

Mrs. W. H. Spring, 4431 Monticello avenue, who has the distinction of leading the auxiliary post work in the United States, is head of Chicago Historical post, which has a membership

of seventy-five women, fifty of whom are gold star mothers.

With her at the conference yesterday were Mesdames E. L. Tenney, W. D. Napheys, Jr., Arnold Joerns, Myrtle Bennett and Julia Knight.

Each auxiliary will have charge of a downtown booth for membership; Englewood auxiliary will have a booth at the used car show at the Coliseum Historical auxiliary, Morrison hotel and Corn Exchange bank; Lake View, Hotel Sherman and First National bank; Hyde Park and Austin auxiliary, Merchants' Loan and Trust company and Hotel La Salle; Barrington auxiliary, Continental and Commercial and Standard Trust and Savings banks.

advantage of enemy demoralization as evidenced by two points—first, the Germans made a complete turn through thirty-two points when the grand fleet came up. I can't imagine more disastrous tactics in what under modern conditions is close action. The second is that, although their shooting before the grand fleet arrived was good, after that they made only one hit."

Warns of Japanese Peril.

Bellairs also drew my attention to an extremely interesting fact in connection with Japanese naval maneuvers immediately after the armistice. If the map had been turned around and the plan of maneuvers had taken a line east and west, instead of north and south, it would represent an attempt to seize the Philippines before the American fleet hurrying to the rescue could arrive.

BANDITS HOLD UP BANK; GET \$4,500; KILL DIRECTOR

Baltimore, Md., April 26.—(Special.)

Seven armed bandits this afternoon entered the First National bank at Sandy Springs, one of the directors locked the clerks and officials in a vault, and made off in an automobile with \$4,500.

The outlaws worked with amazing promptness. While the employees and officials were being corralled by two of the bandits three others gathered up the currency and the other two acted as lookouts.

ARMY AND NAVY OFFICERS TO GET SALARY RAISES

Washington, D. C., April 26.—Reaching a complete agreement on the army and navy pay bill, house and senate conferees today decided on increases to be given officers.

First lieutenants, lieutenant-colonels, and colonels in the army and lieutenants, junior grade, commanders and captains in the navy will receive an increase of \$600 annually; majors and lieutenant-commanders, \$840; army captains and lieutenants, senior grade, in the navy, \$720, and second lieutenants and ensigns, \$420. The increase will be retroactive until Jan. 1 last and will remain in effect until June 30, 1922.

An amendment also was agreed upon continuing for the present, the commutations for quarters allowed during the war to commissioned officers, whether on service at home or away.

Highest Court Again Delays Ruling on U.S. Dry Statutes

Washington, D. C., April 26.—The Supreme court failed again today to hand down a decision on the constitutionality of the prohibition amendment and the enforcement act.

Senate to Investigate Print Paper Situation

Washington, D. C., April 26.—Congressional investigation of the print paper shortage will be started next Wednesday by a subcommittee of the senate committee on manufacturers, headed by Senator Reed, Democrat, Missouri. The committee's plans include inquiry into supplies, distribution, and prevailing prices.

Pending congressional action, the assistance of the state department in the paper situation was invoked in connection with efforts to secure removal of restrictions upon export from Canada of raw materials used in paper manufacture. Retaliatory legislation should be enacted, Senator Underwood said, if friendly efforts toward this end were unsuccessful.

Wants National Park for Redwoods' Preservation

Washington, D. C., April 26.—Establishment of a new national park in California to preserve the giant redwood trees was endorsed today by the house public lands committee, which ordered a favorable report on a resolution directing the interior department to investigate and report on the suitability, location and cost of a park site.

AMUNDSEN ICE BOUND AT MOUTH OF KOLYMA RIVER

Washington, D. C., April 26.—The Amundsen polar expedition party in the steamer Maud is ice bound at the mouth of Kolyma river, Siberia, and awaiting an opportunity to sail southward. It was indicated in radio dispatches made public today at the navy department, Amundsen, who discovered the south pole, apparently had abandoned his attempt to reach the north pole.

The expedition left Dixon island in the White sea early in September, 1918, and had not since been heard from until the navy radio station at Cordova, Alaska, established communication with the party.

Cafeterias Will Replace Pullman Diners, He Says

Cafeterias will replace the Pullman dining cars on all passenger trains in the near future, was the prediction yesterday of Roger Collins, who is arranging an exhibit of railroad cafeterias for the Hotel Men's show, to be held at the Coliseum from May 10 to 15. Economy of time and money, is Mr. Collins' succinct reason.

The First Sale
This Shop Has Ever
Announced

For One Week
Starting
Today

Women's
and Misses'

High Cost Dresses

at a fraction of their market value

Sale Prices

\$38 \$48

Superlatively good dresses, exquisitely fashioned in the latest conceit of the mode, and specially priced at savings of at least one half.

Street and Cafe Gowns, Business and Dance Frocks. Assortments are so large as to tax the capacity of this store to the limit.

Taffetas, Georgettes, Foulards, Satins, Tricolettes, Nets, Lace and Tricotines. Sizes to 42.

Betty Wales
DRESS SHOP

67 E. Madison St.
Near the Avenue

CARSON PIRIE SCOTT & Co

Eldredge Two-Spool Electric Sewing Machines



They sew heavy materials for work garments or the daintiest fabrics for light apparel.

For automatic adjustment is made to the size of thread and weight of material.

Slight pressure on the foot attachment regulates the speed—hence sewing is no more a tiresome and slow task.

The bobbin is eliminated in these machines. One spool is placed above, the other below, so both threads run out at the same time.

Have this machine demonstrated in the section. You will be delighted with the speed and ease with which home sewing may be accomplished. A convenient purchase plan may be arranged—a small initial payment and successive sums.

As Low as \$1 Weekly

Sixth Floor, South.
Also Displayed in the Basement.

Mandel Brothers

Corset shop, fifth floor

A new Nemo corset patent

enables all women to wear
low-bust corsets in comfort

This latest Nemo improvement prevents the low bust corset from "digging" at the top. The front steels do not come quite to the top of the corset, and V shaped boning holds the top away from the body enough to prevent digging in.

Nemo model
No. 511

is perfectly adapted to women who are too heavy in hip and thigh. Bands of semi-elastic Nemo Lastikops webbing and gores of Nemo Lastikops cloth insure extreme reduction of back, hips and upper limbs, and keep the corset skirt flexible and comfortable. For medium to full figures: girdle top corsets of fine coutil, in white or pink; sizes 22 to 36; at \$8. Ask one of our corsetieres to show you Nemo Kop Service, model No. 514, tomorrow; in fine pink batiste—sizes 23 to 36—at 7.50.



Nemo KOP SERVICE

Corset shop, fifth floor.



A Gift

A 10-Day Tube
of Pepsodent is
sent to all who
ask. See coupon.

You are Welcome

To this way to white teeth

All statements approved by high dental authorities

You see white teeth wherever you look today, for millions of people use a new teeth cleaning method. Leading dentists everywhere advise it. You are welcome to a ten-day test, and you owe it to yourself.

Film dims the teeth

The teeth's great enemy is film. It clouds their beauty and it destroys the teeth. Most tooth troubles are now traced to it.

Film is the viscous coat you feel. It clings to teeth, enters crevices and stays. Very few people escape the effects of it.

It is the film-coat that discolors, not the teeth. Film is the basis of tartar. It holds food substance which ferments and forms acid. It holds the acid in contact with the teeth to cause decay.

Millions of germs breed in it. They, with tartar, are the chief cause of pyorrhea, which attacks 95 in 100.

The ordinary tooth paste does not dissolve film, so old methods fail to end it. Dental science has for years sought the right way to combat it, for tooth troubles have been constantly increasing.

The method has now been found. Convincing clinical tests have amply proved its efficiency. And now the way is embodied, for daily use, in a dentifrice called Pepsodent.

Three unique results

Pepsodent is based on pepsin, the digestant of albumin. The film is albuminous matter. The object of Pepsodent is to dissolve it, then to day by day combat it.

Pepsin long seemed impossible. It must be activated, and the usual agent is an acid harmful to the teeth. But now a harmless activating method permits its constant use.

Two other new-day requisites are also found in Pepsodent. So this tooth paste in three ways brings whiter, safer teeth.

Send the coupon for a 10-Day Tube. Note how clean the teeth feel after using. Mark the absence of the viscous film. See how teeth whiten as the film-coat disappears.

Results are clear and quick, and our book explains them. Make this test and judge them for yourself. Cut out the coupon now.

Ten-Day Tube Free

THE PEPSODENT COMPANY,
Dept. A, 1104 S. Wabash Ave.,
Chicago, Ill.

Mail 10-Day Tube of Pepsodent to

Only one tube to a family.

PEPSODENT

The New-Day Dentifrice

A scientific film combatant which, after 5 years' tests, is now advised by leading dentists everywhere

U. S. HIGH COURT CUTS UP READING COAL-RAIL TRUST

Charges of an Illegal
Combine Upheld.

Washington, D. C., April 26.—An opinion in a part of the reading coal trust case today, the Supreme court in a majority of three opinions sustained a majority of the government's charges of illegal combination against the Reading company, a Pennsylvania holding corporation, and certain of its railroad and coal subsidiaries and ordered their dissolution.

Justice Clarke gave the majority decision. Chief Justice White and Associate Justice Holmes and Van Devanter dissented, while Justices McReynolds and Brandeis took no part in the decision.

Two Other Defendants. Associated with the Reading companies as defendants were the Lehigh and Wilkesbarre Coal company and the Lehigh Coal and Navigation company, and the constant recurrence of the words "Lehigh company" throughout the reading caused the opinion to refer to the so-called Lehigh case, which actually refers to the Lehigh Valley Railroad company and which was argued last fall, with the Reading case, was being decided also.

Disputes saying the government had also won its case against the Lehigh Valley Railroad company were set out and it was not until almost an hour later when copies of Justice Clarke's opinion were made available that it was found that the court had ruled on the Reading case alone. The court concluded announcement of decisions without reaching the Lehigh Valley railway case.

Violates Anti-Trust Act. The majority opinion held the holding company guilty of violation of the Sherman anti-trust act, and reversed several court decrees given in Philadelphia in 1915 refusing to sustain the government's charges of monopoly but directing the separation of the Central Railroad of New Jersey from its subsidiary coal company, the Lehigh and Wilkesbarre Coal company.

Dissolution was ordered by the Supreme court of the Reading company, the Philadelphia and Reading Railroad company, the Philadelphia and Reading Coal and Iron company, the Central Railroad of New Jersey, and the Lehigh and Wilkesbarre Coal company, maintained through the holding corporation, so that they would be entirely independent of each other. Dissolution of the stock and bonds of the various companies held by the Reading company also was directed.

Some Companies Absolved. The court, however, sustained lower court decrees absolving the Lehigh Coal and Navigation company, the Lehigh and New England Railroad company, and the Lehigh and Hudson River Railway company on charges as to restrictive covenants in mining leases with respect to the shipping of coal and refusing to order the dissolution of the Philadelphia and Reading Coal and Iron company and the Lehigh and Wilkesbarre Coal company.

Charges against the directors of the holding company, including the late George F. Baer and Henry C. Frick as well as George F. Baker, Henry A. du Pont, Daniel Willard, Henry P. McKean, and Samuel Dickson, who were also named as defendants, were dismissed.

Similar action was taken in regard to the Wilmington and Northern Railway companies. Injunctions restraining enforcement of provisions inserted by the Reading and Wilkesbarre Coal company in coal leases requiring the lessee to ship all coal mined by designated rail routes were made permanent, the court condemning such provisions as unlawful.

"Trust Formation Deliberate." Justice Clarke in the majority opinion charged the Reading holding company by an "adroit division of property and of corporate agency" with purposefully violating "in a flagrant manner" the Sherman anti-trust act, and with suppressing commerce and competition.

It was also declared to have secured a "dominating contract" not only over two great competing coal interests as well as two great competing interstate railroad carriers, but the court said this "dominating power was not obtained by normal expansion to meet the demands of a business growing as a result of superior and enterprising management, but by deliberate, calculated purchase for control."

FATAL ERROR

Policeman Fred Kunz of Berwyn Mistaken for a Prowler and Killed by Policeman F. C. Copall of Riverside.



loases with respect to the shipping of coal and refusing to order the dissolution of the Philadelphia and Reading Coal and Iron company and the Lehigh and Wilkesbarre Coal company, maintained through the holding company.

Charges against the directors of the holding company, including the late George F. Baer and Henry C. Frick as well as George F. Baker, Henry A. du Pont, Daniel Willard, Henry P. McKean, and Samuel Dickson, who were also named as defendants, were dismissed.

Similar action was taken in regard to the Wilmington and Northern Railway companies. Injunctions restraining enforcement of provisions inserted by the Reading and Wilkesbarre Coal company in coal leases requiring the lessee to ship all coal mined by designated rail routes were made permanent, the court condemning such provisions as unlawful.

"Trust Formation Deliberate." Justice Clarke in the majority opinion charged the Reading holding company by an "adroit division of property and of corporate agency" with purposefully violating "in a flagrant manner" the Sherman anti-trust act, and with suppressing commerce and competition.

It was also declared to have secured a "dominating contract" not only over two great competing coal interests as well as two great competing interstate railroad carriers, but the court said this "dominating power was not obtained by normal expansion to meet the demands of a business growing as a result of superior and enterprising management, but by deliberate, calculated purchase for control."

Chief Justice White gave a brief minority opinion in which the dissenting justices contended the lower court should be sustained.

POLICEMAN KILLS ANOTHER WHOM HE THINKS THIEF

Slayer Held Pending
Coroner's Inquiry.

Policeman Fred Kunz, 27 years old, of 6638 Thirty-first street, Berwyn, shot by Policeman F. C. Copall, 22 years old, of the Riverside police force Sunday night, died yesterday afternoon at La Grange sanitarium. Copall was arrested last night pending the coroner's inquest today.

According to Berwyn and Riverside policemen both headquarters were notified at 10 o'clock Sunday night that a suspicious character was lurking near Thirty-first and Berkeley streets. Copall and Kunz were assigned to investigate.

Both in plain clothes and coming from opposite directions, they met at Thirty-fourth street and Highland avenue. Neither had seen the other before. On his deathbed Kunz said Copall walked up to him and commanded: "I am an officer. Throw up your hands."

Kunz declared he replied: "I'm an officer, too." Copall, however, shot almost immediately, the bullet entering Kunz's body just above the heart and penetrating a lung.

According to Copall, Kunz did not answer him when accosted, but reached for a gun. Miss Laura Neher of Lyons, a telephone operator and an eyewitness of the tragedy, declared she did not see Kunz reach for a weapon.

Two Burnham saloonkeepers, arrested in early morning raids by sixty prohibition agents from Maj. A. V. Dalrymple's office, were held in \$2,000 bonds each on charges of selling liquor by United States Commissioner Lewis P. Mason yesterday afternoon. They are James Costello, proprietor of the Burnham Bay Inn, and William Reynolds, proprietor of the Coney Island café. Several employees of the two places were held in smaller bonds.

Chicago borrowers saved more than \$7,000,000 last year through the operation of the Illinois small loans act, and nearly 200 loan sharks were driven out of business.

The "poor man's bankers," loaning amounts of less than \$300 at 3 1/2 per cent, have accommodated nearly 45,000 small tradesmen, laboring men, teachers, and men on salaries. The total of the loans exceeds \$1,364,000. The figures were made public yesterday by Arthur L. Weinschenk, member of the executive committee of the Industrial Licensed Lenders' association, which will hold its quarterly meeting Friday night at the Hotel Morrison.

The association is working for uniform small loan laws in every state. Twenty states already have laws similar to the one in Illinois.

200 LOAN SHARKS DRIVEN OUT BY 'POOR MAN'S BANK'

Chicago borrowers saved more than \$7,000,000 last year through the operation of the Illinois small loans act, and nearly 200 loan sharks were driven out of business.

The "poor man's bankers," loaning amounts of less than \$300 at 3 1/2 per cent, have accommodated nearly 45,000 small tradesmen, laboring men, teachers, and men on salaries. The total of the loans exceeds \$1,364,000. The figures were made public yesterday by Arthur L. Weinschenk, member of the executive committee of the Industrial Licensed Lenders' association, which will hold its quarterly meeting Friday night at the Hotel Morrison.

The association is working for uniform small loan laws in every state. Twenty states already have laws similar to the one in Illinois.

Two Burnham saloonkeepers, arrested in early morning raids by sixty prohibition agents from Maj. A. V. Dalrymple's office, were held in \$2,000 bonds each on charges of selling liquor by United States Commissioner Lewis P. Mason yesterday afternoon. They are James Costello, proprietor of the Burnham Bay Inn, and William Reynolds, proprietor of the Coney Island café. Several employees of the two places were held in smaller bonds.

Chicago borrowers saved more than \$7,000,000 last year through the operation of the Illinois small loans act, and nearly 200 loan sharks were driven out of business.

The "poor man's bankers," loaning amounts of less than \$300 at 3 1/2 per cent, have accommodated nearly 45,000 small tradesmen, laboring men, teachers, and men on salaries. The total of the loans exceeds \$1,364,000. The figures were made public yesterday by Arthur L. Weinschenk, member of the executive committee of the Industrial Licensed Lenders' association, which will hold its quarterly meeting Friday night at the Hotel Morrison.

The association is working for uniform small loan laws in every state. Twenty states already have laws similar to the one in Illinois.

Two Burnham saloonkeepers, arrested in early morning raids by sixty prohibition agents from Maj. A. V. Dalrymple's office, were held in \$2,000 bonds each on charges of selling liquor by United States Commissioner Lewis P. Mason yesterday afternoon. They are James Costello, proprietor of the Burnham Bay Inn, and William Reynolds, proprietor of the Coney Island café. Several employees of the two places were held in smaller bonds.

Chicago borrowers saved more than \$7,000,000 last year through the operation of the Illinois small loans act, and nearly 200 loan sharks were driven out of business.

The "poor man's bankers," loaning amounts of less than \$300 at 3 1/2 per cent, have accommodated nearly 45,000 small tradesmen, laboring men, teachers, and men on salaries. The total of the loans exceeds \$1,364,000. The figures were made public yesterday by Arthur L. Weinschenk, member of the executive committee of the Industrial Licensed Lenders' association, which will hold its quarterly meeting Friday night at the Hotel Morrison.

HERBERT CRANE CALLS WIFE'S SUIT 'TRIVIAL'

Geneva, Ill., April 26.—[Special.]—This was the day Herbert P. Crane, wealthy Chicagoan, who has been a wanderer for a year, was to have appeared in the Kane county Circuit court here. He did not arrive. Lawyers came in his stead.

He was to have answered a suit for separate maintenance brought twelve months ago by his young wife whom he married in Costa Rica in 1914. It was after her suit was filed that Mr. Crane vanished from Kane county.

Mrs. Crane is now living at the Crane country place, the Wild Rose lodge, near St. Charles, with her 18 month old son, Rafael Anthony Crane.

The reply to the suit, which Mr. Crane made today to his wife's bill, was not his formal answer, it was a sort of skirmish attack, in which he endeavored to point out "scandalous, impertinent, and trivial accusations she made." He will make a full and complete answer at a date to be agreed upon by the attorneys.

Mr. Crane's preliminary answer states that he does not think much of complaints his wife has made that he would not let her dance after they were married nor drink coffee. He feels it improper, too, for his wife to accuse him of infidelity while admitting that she does not know the name of a woman in whose company he had been indiscreet.

A Girl Named Mary

mysteriously
developed
diphtheria.

The family doctor traced her infection to the use of a half-washed glass at the corner soda fountain. It was "washed"—oh yes, but in such fashion that the "germs" were not removed from its rim.

Lily Paper Cups

assure you a
clean, germless
glass to use at
the fountain.

They are made
sterile, packed
sealed, untouched
'til your drink is
prepared.

They are designed
for one-time, one-
person service.

The cost is insignificant.

Phone Randolph 2564
The Sanitary Cup &
Service Company
189 N. Clark St. Chicago

PARADISE
SPRING
WATER
UNEQUALLED IN PURITY
AS SHOWN BY GOVERNMENT REPORTS
A simple dinner detail that
complements your guest
PARADISE SPRING COMPANY
Brunswick, Maine Cincinnati, Ohio
ASK YOUR GROCER FOR IT
LEADING DEALERS HAVE IT



Copyright 1920 Hart Schaffner & Marx

EARNING your confidence is the main purpose of our business; we want every sale to increase that. You must be satisfied here; with value, fit, quality, style, price; or we refund the money cheerfully.

The highest clothes value

Hart Schaffner & Marx \$65
suits and overcoats at

EVERYTHING about these clothes will be approved by you when you see them; fabrics, tailoring, style. They're very unusual clothes and as present costs go the price is a low one.

4TH floor: Young men's styles in suits; slender, high shouldered, slim waisted, with many other style innovations. \$65
2ND floor: A place for business men's suits; the styles that substantial men want; fine goods beautifully made. \$65

6TH floor: Overcoats in every good type; sport coats, polo coats, double breasted or single breasted styles, belt styles, Raglans. \$65

And an extensive showing of Suits and Overcoats
\$40 \$45 \$50 \$60 \$70 \$80 \$90

Maurice L Rothschild

Good clothes; nothing else
Southwest corner Jackson and State
Chicago Minneapolis St. Paul

Say to Your Grocer

The reason I want Larabee's Best Flour is because of its

ECONOMY
Years of experience has proven that Larabee's Best Flour will go further and make more pounds of bread per barrel—that's why it's so economical to use.

FLAVOR
Larabee's Best Flour gives a distinctive taste to bread and pastries. This is the result of years of experimenting in our laboratories—it has a flavor that is found in no other flour.

GLUTEN
The flour that contains the greatest amount of high quality gluten is the flour that builds health and strength—Larabee's Best Flour is just full of the right kind of gluten.

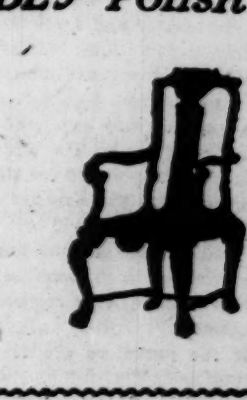
THE MOST BREAD
THE LEAST FLOUR

LARABEE'S
CAKE FLOUR
Makes Cakes Rising Sooner, Makes Cakes Better.
Ask Your Grocer For It.



Whether rosewood, teak, walnut or mahogany, Madame's furniture is ever beautiful if kept in condition with Tobey Polish. Made after the secret shop formula of a great furniture house, and for thirty years used by it in the finishing of fine and costly woods. In bottles and quaint brown jugs. Sizes 30c to \$3.00. At retail stores everywhere.

TOBEY Polish



THE FAIR

Established 1875 by E.J. Lehmann
State, Adams and Dearborn Streets

Another Big Raincoat Sale

Some of the Best Values We've Ever Offered—8.95

THESE raincoats are guaranteed not to leak for one year from day of purchase. They are double texture; all seams are strapped and cemented; made with storm collar; belt all around; strap and buckle on sleeve; large patch pockets; double breasted; made with inverted plait in back. All the style, all the snap and all the service that the higher priced raincoats can give you are embodied in these raincoats; all sizes are here today at 8.95

There's a Sale, Too, of Raynsters

Light and Smart as a Sport Coat
Sheds the Hardest Rain
Six Layers of Rubber Built
Right Into the Fabric

Distinctive in cut, material and design—correctly tailored in every detail—U. S. Raynsters protect you against the heaviest downpour. Built right into the fabric are at least six layers of rubber, so light and flexible that you'd never know they were there.

These Raynsters and Klingmade guaranteed coats in double texture tweeds, chevrons and cassimeres; all the best shades and colors; belt all around and regular cut; every size; some with plaited back; raincoats that are worth up to \$22.50; today at 14.95

Sale of Air-in Raincoats and Raynsters

Here are garments that are worth up to \$30; silk lined coats; very fine sample coats; finest tweeds in plaids and plain materials; all sizes and all styles—Air-in and Raynster, belted and plain; values to \$30; today at 19.95

Our finest raincoats from America's best makers are on sale here. Every coat is guaranteed; see these extensive lines and note the superior values; on sale at 24.95 and 29.95

Second Floor.



Two views of the Coats on Sale Here Today at 8.95

Chicago Tribune

THE WORLD'S GREATEST NEWSPAPER

FOUNDED JUNE 10, 1847.

ENTERED AS SECOND CLASS MATTER, JUNE 3, 1908, AT THE POSTOFFICE AT CHICAGO, ILL., UNDER ACT OF MARCH 3, 1879.

All unsolicited articles, manuscripts, letters, and pictures sent to the Tribune are sent at the owner's risk, and the Tribune assumes no responsibility for their return or return.

TUESDAY, APRIL 27, 1920.

"Our Country! In her intercourse with foreign nations may she always be in the right; but our country, right or wrong."
—Stephen Decatur.

THE TRIBUNE'S PLATFORM FOR CHICAGO

- 1—Lessen the Smoke Horror.
- 2—Create a Modern Traction System.
- 3—Modernize the Water Department.
- 4—Build Wide Roads into the Country.
- 5—Develop All Railroad Terminals.
- 6—Push the Chicago Plan.

WHY ARMENIA AND NOT MEXICO?

Every time the United States opens a door it finds the infant Armenia on the door step. The persistence with which it is returned every time it has again been placed where it belongs, in the arms of Europe, is beginning to have moral intimations and implications. If Great Britain and France do not weaken they will soon have a scandal on the innocent U. S. A., which has no degree of responsibility whatever for the child, but which is beginning to appear as guilty as sin before the world.

Great Britain, we understand, thinks she has done enough. The Turkish treaty gives her Palestine, Mesopotamia, the Baku oil fields, the Baghdad railway, control of the Dardanelles, sole rights to the Suez canal and some sort of a protectorate over the Hedjaz.

These are rich possessions and, added to the few other things Great Britain has picked up, will require a great deal of activity in management and development. Great Britain will have no time for Armenia, which is an impoverished territory, almost hopelessly cut off from the resources of Asia Minor. They have been taken by the British and French.

Armenia is a frontier against the Russian Reds and if America took the mandate it would have to maintain an army there, not only for ordinary policing but for protection against a Russian movement. The British and the French would be glad to have American troops on that duty. Armenia, isolated from the rich parts of Asia Minor, has nothing but a struggle ahead of it. The United States, the world's greatest uncle, would have to support it.

We do not believe European statesmanship ever was more ironical than it is as revealed in Armenia. It does not seem credible that it should be a moral responsibility in this regard. It is seriously urged, France and Great Britain, with their arms full of Turkish loot, with poker faces not showing a twinkle of amusement, can insist that the United States has a duty in Asia Minor.

Their sense of humor is stupendous and their facial control marvelous. They virtually say that they are so tricky in their relations with each other that it is impossible for them to take any except the very rich parts of the Turkish empire. Poor Armenia must find an honest friend, and as such Great Britain and France cannot qualify. Great Britain can take Mesopotamia without causing any dispute, but if the British took impoverished Armenia, a mandate with everything going in and nothing coming out, they fear some one would suspect their motives.

The same sentiment in the United States which finds it inhuman to do anything to protect, encourage, pacify and develop Mexico will probably find that the United States really has a moral mandate to protect, encourage, pacify, and develop Armenia.

The fact that this is the business of somebody else and not ours will make the morality of it impelling. The fact that Mexico is exclusively our business will make the moral urge negligible. Probably if we twitted the British and French they would reply that they were merely taking us as they found us.

FOR THE DEAD IN FRANCE.

THE TRIBUNE will receive contributions for the decoration of American soldier graves in France on Memorial day. Large contributions are not desired, and for that reason a \$5 limit will be placed upon them. A great number of small contributions will express the sentiment which should be expressed.

THE TRIBUNE Foreign News service will make the arrangements necessary, in France and see that the graves of American soldiers carry the remembrances of the nation for which they died. Memorial day actually includes these new graves, and the people, particularly of this section, who want to lay wreaths on the resting place of the American soldier abroad will be able to do so by sending a contribution to THE TRIBUNE fund, which is now opened.

JUNKETS.

Resentment is making itself evident against the proposed oriental junket of 162 United States senators and representatives and their families. Persons who are kept at home by lack of funds or the necessity of earning a livelihood see in the sixty day tour of Hawaii, the Philippines, Japan, China, and Siberia ports only a waste of public funds. In the present consciousness of need of economy in governmental affairs, the proposed expenditure is looked upon not only as a waste but as a bad example to the individual.

There is another side of the question. The ordinary citizen stays at home to attend to his business. The business of a congressman is to provide good laws for the prosperity, happiness, and safety of the nation. If he can equip himself to improve our prosperity and safety by first hand inspection of foreign situations, it is his business to do so. A junket which will accomplish this is not waste. It is an investment.

Arguments may be offered to the effect that there is no need for such a number to make the trip; that there is no need for them to burden the government with the expense of providing for their families; that they will be welcomed and fêted and allowed to get only the impression which foreign governments wish them to get. Such opposition, on its face, appears reasonable, but is subject to question.

If the junketers are to learn things of value

to America, it would seem that the more who learn such things the better. If they cannot take their families, few will go. While they may be fêted and guarded from information, they will, beyond question, see and learn many things which they cannot learn in Kansas and Nebraska. Those who still believe the Japanese are a strange little people will at least learn that Japan is a powerful and growing empire. Those who believe the Philippines are amply protected will meet army officers who will complain that their guns are of ancient model, their fortifications inadequate, and their safety visionary. They will meet American and foreign business men with first hand knowledge of foreign trade needs. The knowledge which they will gain, even though fragmentary, will be better than ignorance, and may mean wiser laws.

The expense is not prohibitory. The government owns the transport on which they will travel. The crew is enlisted and drawing pay. It is better off at sea than taking up harbor space. The expense of such a junket, we believe, is legitimate, and will be a cheap price for the results possible of attainment.

FOR A DEPARTMENT OF AIRCRAFT.

The United States, having made a tragic fiasco of aircraft production in the war, appears to be consoling itself by taking the position that air planes are no good anyway. We failed to produce them for purposes of war, so now we are neglecting their possibilities for peace.

The British are operating a daily air service between Paris and London, passenger airplanes leaving every two hours. A German airship with a capacity of fifty passengers is operating daily a distance of 395 miles to and from Berlin. These are only incidental illustrations of what Europe is doing in the commercial use of aircraft.

Great Britain proposes to expend \$367,000,000 on its air service next year. The United States' total appropriation for army and navy air-service this year is only \$50,000,000. The figures indicate the relative importance of the matter in the minds of leaders of the two nations.

The airplane has proved its commercial possibilities. When mail can be brought from a private office in New York to a private office in Chicago in thirteen and one-half hours, as was done last week, the value of the service is self-evident. The United States should improve and extend this service. More airplanes and more landing fields will do it. They will, to a large extent, pay for themselves. But even if the government must subsidize the service let it do so. Foreign merchant fleets have been built up by subsidies and made their home countries rich.

Such development of commercial aircraft possibilities will be of supreme value in the peaceful progress of this nation. At the same time it will train flyers, result in steady improvement of flying machines, and give the nation at least a basis of an efficient aircraft department in the emergency of war.

Control of the air has been proven of vital importance in war. England, France, and Germany now have dirigibles capable of crossing the Atlantic and returning without replenishing their fuel supply. The defense against aircraft is aircraft.

Aerial navigation is rapidly becoming as important as marine navigation in the lives of nations. England has established the precedent of the control of the seas. The British now claim this as a right, and are unchallenged. At their present rate of expenditure for aircraft development, how long will it be before they establish the precedent of control of the air and claim that as a right?

The United States should wake to the responsibilities. Establishment of a department of aircraft with a seat in the cabinet would bring results from such an awakening. It will unite responsibilities now divided between the navy department, the war department, the postoffice department, and the department of commerce. It will find a field for immediate development in the latter line with advantage to all the others.

HAYWOOD'S HELPING HAND.

Big Bill Haywood and the J. W. W. have a plan for helping the American working man. It is to destroy American foreign trade. So an appeal has been sent to foreign workers to strike on ships from the United States so as to prevent them from loading or unloading, and to refrain from purchasing anything made in America or shipped from America.

Thus the American capitalists who make money in foreign trade will be ruined. Also the wage earners they employ will be out of their jobs.

What is Bill going to do for them? There will be quite a number of them. American foreign commerce in 1913, before the war, was over one billion eight hundred millions of dollars. That represents the work of a good many people.

Bill also wants foreign workmen to protest to traveling Americans against "the infamies and persecutions suffered by the members of the I. W. W. in the United States." He is trying to shut the doors of thousands of factories, to throw hundreds of thousands, if not millions, out of work, and he wants European workers to protest against the "infamies and persecutions" suffered by the I. W. W.

If Big Bill could accomplish this result, the ruin of American foreign trade, there would be just one proper place for him and his kind—the end of a limb. At present he is at large and all the parlor radicals are for him. As a matter of fact he is about as useful to society as a mad dog.

Editorial of the Day

"WE, THE PEOPLE."

[Keokuk Daily Gate City.]

A little group of serious thinkers, less than half a hundred, assembled in a Chicago hall not long ago and after much debate brought forth a manifesto headed, "We, the people of Chicago, in meeting assembled."

In the meantime the people of Chicago went their way knowing little and caring less what this group did or said in their name. The people of the country are good natured; that is why so many small groups can take their name in vain. It is a habit easily acquired to think that we are representing "the people." Now and then, as at the time of presidential election, we find out what the people really do believe. Until that time comes, no one has the power of attorney to speak for the people. Stray votes are not trustworthy. College students or women's clubs or the passengers on a Pullman are not the people. Now and then after a great national demonstration the people wake up to find that "the people" are actually out numbered multitudes who do not know that these little groups are in existence.

IT GIVES THE FIT.

There is a kick in every pair of \$15 shoes.—Detroit Journal.

A LINE O' TYPE OR TWO

How to the Line, let the quip fall where they may.

"A VERY PALPABLE HIT."

A la mase, auteur des trois hieroglyphes.

Qui m'assaille ici de fleurs et de briques.

En anglais, on s'entend, en français,

On ne plaisante avec succès.

Que par la façon dont on dit.

Des vérités que chacun croit.

Mais dont le rapport ne se voit.

Qu'une fois que l'a fait... l'esprit.

Vieux chère! puisqu'ainsi certain bas-bleu me

nomme.

Hélas! pour être vieux! je n'en suis pas moins

homme.

H. D.

IT would save much argument if the newspa-

pers would include in their daily weather report

the mean temperature for the corresponding day

of the previous year. What sort of weather did

we have last April? You think you remember,

but you don't.

DOES A COLLEGE EDUCATION PAY?

[From the Colorado College Tiger.]

The play was that entertaining medieval

study by Anabelle France, "The Man Who

Married a Dumb Wife."

DR. DONNELLY should include swinging a golf

club in his class exercises; there is nothing better

for removing grit. During the winter we took on

about a half-dozen, but by July 1, when we round

into "midsummer form," we are as swift as An-

toinette herself.

Hall and Farewell.

[From the London Times.]

Somebody heard and sent to the papers a

sad little dialogue eloquent of London's under-

world. At 9:30 in the morning the traffic

was held up, as it so often is, at the corner

of Stamford street on the Surrey side of

Blackfriars Bridge. A prison van halted with

the rest of the vehicles. On the kerb stood a

poor woman carrying a child and accompanied

by a small boy. "Are you there, dad?" she

wailed out. A gruff voice from the interior of

the van answered "Yes." The woman replied,

"I am here."

THERE was a concert in Altamont, Kan.,

other evening, and the local paper mentions that

"the saxophone was a prominent factor." Wagner

could have put this horn to good use in "Die

Walküre."

AIN'T IT THE TRUTH?

[From the Fort Collins, Colo., Express.]

People have been observing at movies the

same as other places, only recently a Fort

Collins boy took a girl to a movie for the first

time. The folks sitting behind him noticed

that he had not washed behind his ears and

were so rude that they remarked about it.

The girl heard and refused to go to any more

movies with him. People should be more care-

ful.

IF the league is sent before the people, "I have

no doubt," says Senator Lodge, "what the result

will be." Whereas we have extreme doubt what

the result would be.

CHEESE AU GRATIN.

Sir: Dropped into the Randolph for a Welsh

rarebit. Checked out, 75-15-100. Waiter ex-

plained that the 70 cents was for the rabbit, 15

cents for the toast, and 15 cents for the Worcester-

shire sauce. There was no charge for the cheese.

F. V. D.

THE New Era Films prints this testimonial

from Lawrence Mazzanovich: "Your production

came like a miasma in the desert, very refreshing

after the usual movie junk with which the market

is flooded." From which we conclude that Larry

is trying to kid somebody.

Unspotted from the World.

[From the Ada, Okla., News.]

To the Editor: I notice that several different

religious clubs are using your columns to tell

the public why they refuse to enter what is called

the inter-church movement. With your permission I

would like to inform your readers that the Only

Church most certainly and positively declines to

enter that movement.

The Church of Mormons or the Latter Day

Saints of which I am a life-long member seeks to

remain unspotted from the world, and for that

reason it refuses to compromise with anyone who

with aliens from the commonwealth of Israel. If

the word of God had been honestly preached, if

the spirit of the scriptures had been honestly in-

terpreted, if the word of God had been honestly

revealed, if the word of God had been honestly

revealed, if the word of God had been honestly

revealed, if the word of God had been honestly

revealed, if the word of God had been honestly

revealed, if the word of God had been honestly

revealed, if the word of God had been honestly

revealed, if the word of God had been honestly

revealed, if the word of God had been honestly

revealed, if the word of God had been honestly

revealed, if the word of God had been honestly

revealed, if the word of God had been honestly

revealed, if the word of God had been honestly

revealed, if the word of God had been honestly

revealed, if the word of God had been honestly

revealed, if the word of God had been honestly

revealed, if the word of God had been honestly

revealed, if the word of God had been honestly

revealed, if the word of God had been honestly

revealed, if the word of God had been honestly

revealed, if the word of God had been honestly

revealed, if the word of God had been honestly

revealed, if the word of God had been honestly

revealed, if the word of God had been honestly

revealed, if the word of God had been honestly

revealed, if the word of God had been honestly

revealed, if the word of God had been honestly

revealed, if the word of God had been honestly

revealed, if the word of God had been honestly

revealed, if the word of God had been honestly

revealed, if the word of God had been honestly

revealed, if the word of God had been honestly

revealed, if the word of God had been honestly

revealed, if the word of God had been honestly

revealed, if the word of God had been honestly

How to Keep Well.

By Dr. W. A. Evans.

Questions pertinent to hygiene, sanitation, and prevention of disease, if matters of general interest, will be answered in this column. Where space will not permit, or the subject is not suitable, letters will be personally answered, subject to proper limitation, and where a stamped, addressed envelope is inclosed. Dr. Evans will not make diagnosis or prescribe for individual diseases. Requests for such service cannot be answered.

(Copyright: 1920: By Dr. W. A. Evans.)

SCIENCE REPLACES MAGIC.

THIS is the season for rheumatic fever.

Not only is the disease impor-

tant to itself but it frequently leads

to heart disease and heart disease is

now our most fatal malady. A study

made by Lambert in Bellevue hospital

indicates that rheumatic fever during

four years was one and a half times as

prevalent during March, April, and May

as during June, July, and August, twice

as prevalent as during September, January,

and February, and six times as

prevalent as during September, October,

and November.

This is almost enough to establish that

rheumatism is a seasonal disease to

about the same extent that typhoid,

pneumonia, measles, and smallpox are.

By rheumatism fever is meant the old

fashioned rheumatism—the kind for

which our forefathers carried in their

pockets buckeyes and Irish potatoes.

According to Edwards, one-eighth of

the cases are preceded by tonsillitis. Ed-

wards wrote before great attention had

been concentrated on the tonsils, gums,

and teeth. Looking at the tonsils and

teeth more closely as they do at the

present time the cause is much more

frequently located in the mouth. Our

forefathers carried their buckeyes in the

wrong place. They should have kept

them in the crypts of their tonsils or

the cavities in their teeth.

Rheumatism is characterized by fever,

profuse sweats, muscle pain and swelling

in one or more large joints. The dispo-

sition of the disease to jump from one

joint to another is well recognized. In

fact the rheumatism itself are stick-

to one joint. It is much more liable to

be something besides rheumatism.

An acute attack of rheumatism com-

monly lasts about four weeks. The

fever having subsided the man is some-

what lame for several months. He is

lucky if a careful examination of his

heart made at this time does not show

that the disease has affected his heart.

To prevent the disease a person who

is subject to rheumatism should have

his teeth cleaned and polished at least

once during this rheumatic season. If

he has tonsil trouble he should have

them removed, or at least cleaned up

and massaged. If he has chronic sup-

puration in his nasal sinuses or else-

where he will do well to give proper

attention.

According to the older views he should

wear flannel underwear and flannel

breeches, especially around the joints most

liable to develop the trouble.

Lambert's finding that there is more

rheumatism during June, July, August,

than during December, January, Febru-

ary, gives the chilling theory considerable

bite. More recent

IS OUR UNIVERSE ONE OF MILLIONS OR THE ONLY ONE?

(Continued from first page.)

star spirals "as presumably intergalactic objects of nebular construction—that is, a part of the grand system and not individual galaxies or other universes."

The nearest star is our own, and beyond that space is occupied by 3,000,000,000 stars, more or less, probably more, Dr. Shapley thought, and he estimated that it would take light about 200,000 years to travel this vast area.

Dr. Shapley's deductions as to much greater dimensions for our galaxy of stars depend mainly upon the great distances he has derived for the globular clusters. These objects, nearly invisible to the naked eye, appear in the telescope as swarming clusters of hundreds of thousands of stars whose apparent distribution shows incontrovertibly that they are galactic phenomena.

Getting a Line on Nebulae.

These great distances for the star clusters, in their turn, are based upon comparisons between the so-called Cepheid variables in the clusters and those in our galaxy. This class of variable stars was named because of a typical one in the constellation Cepheus.

Dr. Shapley finds that the Cepheid stars go through their course of variation in a time definitely related to their size. Thus, if one observes this periodic time the absolute brightness becomes known. He further assumes that if this holds for so many Cepheids certainly in our galaxy, it holds also for those in the spiral nebulae. In this way he gets a line on sizes of the Cepheids in the nebulae and thereby calculates the distances of the nebulae themselves.

Dr. Curtis immediately took issue with the calculations on which Dr. Shapley built a ten times larger uni-

IS POTTER'S FIELD 'GOOD ENOUGH' FOR LONESTOMEST GIRL?

Unless some kind hearted person helps the roomers at 3553 Ellis avenue to raise sufficient funds to pay for the burial of Grace Peck, the 18 year old girl who committed suicide by asphyxiation, her farewell message, "The potter's field is good enough for me," will become a reality.



An orphan, the girl came to Chicago from Louisiana. For the last three months she had been a victim of melancholia. The roomers say she was quiet and retiring, seldom went out, and had no men friends. She had been employed by a downtown printing concern.

She was found in a gas filled basement room early Monday morning by George Watson, owner of the rooming house. Poverty and loneliness are believed to have caused her to take her life.

verse. He contended that if this is so the Milky Way stars are then practically the same, in regard to absolute magnitude, as nearer stars whose distances and absolute magnitude are known. On the premise that the galaxy is 300,000 light years in diameter, there must be an overwhelming proportion of giant stars, both in the Milky Way and in the globular clusters. A remarkable piece of astronomical apparatus, the vertical interferometer, invented by Prof. A. A. Michelson of Chicago, was described by Dr. Michelson in the afternoon. In connection with the new 100 inch telescope at Mount Wilson, Cal., this instrument was used to measure the diameter of stars for the first time in December, and gave double resolving power to the telescope.

Widow Wins Skirmish for Harry S. Harkness Estate

New York, April 26.—[Special.]—Justice Gavegan of the state Supreme court ruled today that Mrs. Mario M. Cowan must file a new complaint in her effort to obtain the \$200,000 estate of Harry S. Harkness, from whom she was divorced. This was a victory for Mrs. Florence S. Harkness, beneficiary of a later will, and who is the widow of the testator. Mrs. Cowan's claim was based on a will made in 1909, when she, as Mrs. Harkness, signed her name to her husband and he willed his to her.

City Collector Cohen's Diamonds Are Recovered

All of the diamonds stolen by F. E. Rogers and his band of burglars, captured a week ago, have been recovered. It was announced last night. Included in the loot is the necklace of little Carolyn Kupfer, 5049 Drexel boulevard, whose pleas almost drove Rogers to commit suicide. About \$5,000 worth of diamonds belonging to Edward Cohen, former city collector, also were recovered.



**Helps the Little Hurts
to Heal Rapidly**

Creolin makes a healing antiseptic for cuts, sores, bites, stings, etc.

Keep a bottle handy in Home, Office and Shop

CREOLIN-PEARSON
AT YOUR DRUGGIST'S

RESORTS—FOREIGN.

Ocean Travel.

HOLLAND-AMERICA

NEW YORK TO ROTTERDAM

via Plymouth and Bonifant-Sun-Mer

On account of strike in Holland sailings up to and including May 1 have been cancelled. New sailing schedule will be announced as soon as possible.

Gen'l Passenger Office, 138 N. La Salle St., Chicago

RESORTS—FOREIGN.

Ocean Travel.

SOUTH AMERICA

PERMANENT SERVICE

via Rio de Janeiro, Santos, Montevideo & Buenos Aires.

Apply Company's office, 110 Broadway, N.Y.

R. J. Waldinger, 152 W. Jackson St., Chicago

Business Suffers Because Mail Service Fails Ten Irrefutable Facts Prove Postal Fiasco

1. Within six weeks during March and April Tons of Third Class Mail (Business Announcements and Advertising Matter) were delayed until the purpose of most of these circulars was utterly defeated owing to tardiness of transmission.

Underpay and Overwork Cause Depleted Force

2. Underpay and overwork cause a depleted force totally inadequate to cope with the mail.

3. In view of the statement of federal authorities that cost of living advanced 104% since 1913, how, in the name of reason, can any one come to the conclusion that the increase of 37 1/2% of clerks' pay during this period will suffice for a reasonable subsistence?

4. The Postal Service is deprived of sufficient funds because of enormous expenditures in other directions.

Seventeen Million Dollar Surplus Not Used to Repair Mail Service.

5. In April, 1919, a seventeen million dollar surplus in the Postal Service was returned to the U. S. Treasury, although the mail service lacked adequate help and facilities.

6. The fallacy of so-called economy allowing a costly labor turnover in view of the resignations of 800 efficient clerks within one year and 5,000 entrants during the same period, is glaringly inconsistent.

7. Supervisory officials are inviting attention to deplorable conditions responsible for delay of the mails in their appeals that clerks work on Sunday after having worked overtime every day in the week.

Impossible to Live on Starvation Wages

8. Efficient clerks are resigning from the service every day. They seek employment elsewhere because of the impossibility to live on starvation wages. (See Fact No. 3).

Dependence Upon Mail Service a Speculation

9. The Mail Service is totally demoralized. Dependence upon its necessary aid to facilitate business transactions is a speculation.

10. Unless immediate legislation is enacted by the Congress this discreditable condition will prevail at least nine months of the year. Only an immediate appeal to your representatives in Congress will make clear the necessity of relief from the harmful disadvantages of a neglected mail service.

An Inadequate Increase in Pay Will Not Change Conditions

Chicago Local No. 1, National Federation of Post Office Clerks.

RESORTS—FOREIGN.

Ocean Travel.

HOLLAND-AMERICA

NEW YORK TO ROTTERDAM

via Plymouth and Bonifant-Sun-Mer

On account of strike in Holland sailings up to and including May 1 have been cancelled. New sailing schedule will be announced as soon as possible.

Gen'l Passenger Office, 138 N. La Salle St., Chicago

RESORTS—FOREIGN.

Ocean Travel.

SOUTH AMERICA

PERMANENT SERVICE

via Rio de Janeiro, Santos, Montevideo & Buenos Aires.

Apply Company's office, 110 Broadway, N.Y.

R. J. Waldinger, 152 W. Jackson St., Chicago

RESORTS—FOREIGN.

Ocean Travel.

HOLLAND-AMERICA

NEW YORK TO ROTTERDAM

via Plymouth and Bonifant-Sun-Mer

On account of strike in Holland sailings up to and including May 1 have been cancelled. New sailing schedule will be announced as soon as possible.

Gen'l Passenger Office, 138 N. La Salle St., Chicago

RESORTS—FOREIGN.

Ocean Travel.

SOUTH AMERICA

PERMANENT SERVICE

via Rio de Janeiro, Santos, Montevideo & Buenos Aires.

Apply Company's office, 110 Broadway, N.Y.

R. J. Waldinger, 152 W. Jackson St., Chicago

COOK'S Travel Service Europe

Traveling and traveling in comfort are two very different things. Do not let false impressions prevent you from making a trip to Europe this season. If you join one of our parties you can choose from a number of diversified itineraries. Your accommodations on steamers will be guaranteed and your rooms in hotels will be ready for you whenever you need them. Every uncertainty is eliminated and your comfort assured.

The following is a specimen itinerary:
Leaving New York: May 22nd, 29th, June 12th, 19th, 26th, July 3rd, 24th, August 14th, September 4th, 18th:

New York, Cherbourg (Havre or Boulogne), Paris, with excursions by motor in and around Paris and to Versailles, by motor to Chateau-Thierry, Ballau Wood, Rheims, Champagne front, Argonne Forest, Romagne, Montfaucon, Verdun, St. Mihiel and Metz, thence rail via Luxembourg to Brussels, motor to Louvain, Malines, Antwerp, Ghent, Bruges, Ostend, motor to Zeebrugge, the Yser, Ypres, Passchendaele, Dixmunde, etc. then to London, Southampton or Liverpool and New York.

This itinerary provides for approximately twenty-six days in Europe. Fifteen Days Motoring.

Private automobiles only are used.

Write for our detailed booklets—register early.

Individual and Escorted Tours to

CALIFORNIA, BERMUDA, JAPAN, CHINA, PHILIPPINES

and the Spring Resorts

ATLANTIC CITY, VIRGINIA, CAROLINA, ETC.

Full information on any form of travel to any part of the world.

Carry Your Funds in Safety—Carry Cook's Traveler's Cheques

First in 1841

First in 1920

Thos. Cook & Son

203 South Dearborn St., Cor. Adams

Tel. Harrison 2141

CHICAGO

South America

DIRECT PASSENGER SERVICE

WEST COAST FROM NEW YORK

via Cristobal

S. S. Ebro, May 22

July 24, Sept. 25, Nov. 27

Largest and most luxuriously appointed Passenger Steamer regularly running between NEW YORK and WEST COAST OF SOUTH AMERICA.

FROM CRISTOBAL

REGULAR SAILINGS

EAST COAST FROM ENGLAND

BRAZIL AND ARGENTINA

Regular Sailings by Large Mail Steamers

CENTRAL AMERICA FROM CRISTOBAL

CHAMPERICO and Intermediate Ports

ROYAL MAIL

(The Royal Mail Steam Packet Co.)

PACIFIC LINE

(The Pacific Steam Navigation Co.)

NELSON LINE

(H. & W. Nelson, Ltd.)

South Africa

By **UNION-CASTLE LINE**

(The Union Castle Mail S. S. Co., Ltd.)

Sanderson & Son, Gen. Agts. 327 So. La Salle St., Chicago

Or Any Steamship Ticket Agent

CP TO OS

FROM MONTREAL

May 15, 22, 29, June 5, 12, 19, 26, July 3, 10, 17, 24, 31, Aug 7, 14, 21, 28, Sept 4, 11, 18, 25, Oct 2, 9, 16, 23, 30, Nov 6, 13, 20, 27, Dec 4, 11, 18, 25, Jan 1, 8, 15, 22, 29, Feb 5, 12, 19, 26, Mar 5, 12, 19, 26, Apr 2, 9, 16, 23, 30, May 6, 13, 20, 27, June 3, 10, 17, 24, 31, July 7, 14, 21, 28, Aug 4, 11, 18, 25, Sept 1, 8, 15, 22, 29, Oct 6, 13, 20, 27, Nov 3, 10, 17, 24, 31, Dec 1, 8, 15, 22, 29, Jan 5, 12, 19, 26, Feb 2, 9, 16, 23, 30, Mar 6, 13, 20, 27, Apr 3, 10, 17, 24, 31, May 7, 14, 21, 28, June 4, 11, 18, 25, July 2, 9, 16, 23, 30, Aug 6, 13, 20, 27, Sept 3, 10, 17, 24, 31, Oct 7, 14, 21, 28, Nov 4, 11, 18, 25, Dec 2, 9, 16, 23, 30, Jan 6, 13, 20, 27, Feb 3, 10, 17, 24, 31, Mar 7, 14, 21, 28, Apr 4, 11, 18, 25, May 8, 15, 22, 29, June 5, 12, 19, 26, July 3, 10, 17, 24, 31, Aug 7, 14, 21, 28, Sept 4, 11, 18, 25, Oct 2, 9, 16, 23, 30, Nov 6, 13, 20, 27, Dec 3, 10, 17, 24, 31, Jan 7, 14, 21, 28, Feb 4, 11, 18, 25, Mar 8, 15, 22, 29, Apr 5, 12, 19, 26, May 9, 16, 23, 30, June 6, 13, 20, 27, July 4, 11, 18, 25, Aug 8, 15, 22, 29, Sept 5, 12, 19, 26, Oct 3, 10, 17, 24, 31, Nov 7, 14, 21, 28, Dec 4, 11, 18, 25, Jan 8, 15, 22, 29, Feb 5, 12, 19, 26, Mar 9, 16, 23, 30, Apr 6, 13, 20, 27, May 10, 17, 24, 31, June 7, 14, 21, 28, July 5, 12, 19, 26, Aug 9, 16, 23, 30, Sept 6, 13, 20, 27, Oct 4, 11, 18, 25, Nov 8, 15, 22, 29, Dec 5, 12, 19, 26, Jan 9, 16, 23, 30, Feb 6, 13, 20, 27, Mar 10, 17, 24, 31, Apr 7, 14, 21, 28, May 11, 18, 25, June 8, 15, 22, 29, July 6, 13, 20, 27, Aug 10, 17, 24, 31, Sept 7, 14, 21, 28, Oct 5, 12, 19, 26, Nov 9, 16, 23, 30, Dec 6, 13, 20, 27, Jan 10, 17, 24, 31, Feb 7, 14, 21, 28, Mar 11, 18, 25, Apr 8, 15, 22, 29, May 12, 19, 26, June 9, 16, 23, 30, July 7, 14, 21, 28, Aug 11, 18, 25, Sept 8, 15, 22, 29, Oct 6, 13, 20, 27, Nov 10, 17, 24, 31, Dec 7, 14, 21, 28, Jan 11, 18, 25, Feb 8, 15, 22, 29, Mar 12, 19, 26, Apr 9, 16, 23, 30, May 13, 20, 27, June 10, 17, 24, 31, July 8, 15, 22, 29, Aug 12, 19, 26, Sept 9, 16, 23, 30, Oct 7, 14, 21, 28, Nov 11, 18, 25, Dec 8, 15, 22, 29, Jan 12, 19, 26, Feb 9, 16, 23, 30, Mar 13, 20, 27, Apr 10, 17, 24, 31, May 14, 21, 28, June 11, 18, 25, July 9, 16, 23, 30, Aug 13, 20, 27, Sept 10, 17, 24, 31, Oct 8, 15, 22, 29, Nov 12, 19, 26, Dec 9, 16, 23, 30, Jan 13, 20, 27, Feb 10, 17, 24, 31, Mar 14, 21, 28, Apr 11, 18, 25, May 15, 22, 29, June 12, 19, 26, July 10, 17, 24, 31, Aug 14, 21, 28, Sept 11, 18, 25, Oct 9, 16, 23, 30, Nov 13, 20, 27, Dec 10, 17, 24, 31, Jan 14, 21, 28, Feb 11, 18, 25, Mar 15, 22, 29, Apr 12, 19, 26, May 16, 23, 30, June 13, 20, 27, July 11, 18, 25, Aug 15, 22, 29, Sept 12, 19, 26, Oct 10, 17, 24, 31, Nov 14, 21, 28, Dec 11, 18, 25, Jan 15, 22, 29, Feb 12, 19, 26, Mar 16, 23, 30, Apr 13, 20, 27, May 17, 24, 31, June 14, 21, 28, July 12, 19, 26, Aug 16, 23, 30, Sept 13, 20, 27, Oct 11, 18, 25, Nov 15, 22, 29, Dec 12, 19, 26, Jan 16, 23, 30, Feb 13, 20, 27, Mar 17, 24, 31, Apr 14, 21, 28, May 18, 25, June 15, 22, 29, July 13, 20, 27, Aug 17, 24, 31, Sept 14, 21, 28, Oct 12, 19, 26, Nov 16, 23, 30, Dec 13, 20, 27, Jan 17, 24, 31, Feb 14, 21, 28, Mar 18, 25, Apr 15, 22, 29, May 19, 26, June 16, 23, 30, July 14, 21, 28, Aug 18, 25, Sept 15, 22, 29, Oct 13, 20, 27, Nov 17, 24, 31, Dec 14, 21, 28, Jan 18, 25, Feb 15, 22, 29, Mar 19, 26, Apr 16, 23, 30, May 20, 27, June 17, 24, 31, July 15, 22, 29, Aug 19, 26, Sept 16, 23, 30, Oct 14, 21, 28, Nov 18, 25, Dec 15, 22, 29, Jan 19, 26, Feb 16, 23, 30, Mar 20, 27, Apr 17, 24, 31, May 21, 28, June 18, 25, July 16, 23, 30, Aug 20, 27, Sept 17, 24, 31, Oct 15, 22, 29, Nov 19, 26, Dec 16, 23, 30, Jan 20, 27, Feb 17, 24, 31, Mar 21, 28, Apr 18, 25, May 22, 29, June 19, 26, July 17, 24, 31, Aug 21, 28, Sept 18, 25, Oct 16, 23, 30, Nov 20, 27, Dec 17, 24, 31, Jan 21, 28, Feb 18, 25, Mar 22, 29, Apr 19, 26, May 23, 30, June 20, 27, July 18, 25, Aug 22, 29, Sept 19, 26, Oct 17, 24, 31, Nov 21, 28, Dec 18, 25, Jan 22, 29, Feb 19, 26, Mar 23, 30, Apr 20, 27, May 24, 31, June 21, 28, July 19, 26, Aug 23, 30, Sept 20, 27, Oct 18, 25, Nov 22, 29, Dec 19, 26, Jan 23, 30, Feb 20, 27, Mar 24, 31, Apr 21, 28, May 25, 31, June 22, 29, July 20, 26, Aug 24, 31, Sept 21, 28, Oct 19, 26, Nov 23, 30, Dec 20, 27, Jan 24, 31, Feb 21, 28, Mar 25, 31, Apr 22, 29, May 26, 31, June 23, 30, July 21, 27, Aug 25, 31, Sept 22, 29, Oct 20, 27, Nov 24, 31, Dec 21, 28, Jan 25, 31, Feb 22, 29, Mar 26, 31, Apr 23, 30, May 27, 31, June 24, 31, July 22, 28, Aug 26, 31, Sept 23, 30, Oct 21, 28, Nov 25, 31, Dec 22, 29, Jan 26, 31, Feb 23, 30, Mar 27, 31, Apr 24, 31, May 28, 31, June 25, 31, July 23, 28, Aug 27, 31, Sept 24, 31, Oct 22, 29, Nov 26, 31, Dec 23, 30, Jan 27, 31, Feb 24, 31, Mar 28, 31, Apr 25, 31, May 29, 31, June 26, 31, July 24, 29, Aug 28, 31, Sept 25, 31, Oct 23, 30, Nov 27, 31, Dec 24, 31, Jan 28, 31, Feb 25, 31, Mar 29, 31, Apr 26, 31, May 30, 31, June 27, 31, July 25, 29, Aug 29, 31, Sept 26, 31, Oct 24, 31, Nov 28, 31, Dec 25, 31, Jan 29, 31, Feb 26, 31, Mar 30, 31, Apr 27, 31, May 31, 31, June 28, 31, July 26, 30, Aug 30, 31, Sept 27, 31, Oct 25, 31, Nov 29, 31, Dec 26, 31, Jan 30, 31, Feb 27, 31, Mar 31, 31, Apr 28, 31, May 32, 31, June 29, 31, July 27, 30, Aug 31, 31, Sept 28, 31, Oct 26, 31, Nov 30, 31, Dec 27, 31, Jan 31, 31, Feb 28, 31, Mar 32, 31, Apr 29, 31, May 33, 31, June 30, 31, July 28, 30, Aug 32, 31, Sept 29, 31, Oct 27, 31, Nov 31, 31, Dec 28, 31, Jan 32, 31, Feb 29, 31, Mar 33, 31, Apr 30, 31, May 34, 31, June 31, 31, July 29, 30, Aug 33, 31, Sept 30, 31, Oct 28, 31, Nov 32, 31, Dec 29, 31, Jan 33, 31, Feb 30, 31, Mar 34, 31, Apr 31, 31, May 35, 31, June 32, 31, July 30, 30, Aug 34, 31, Sept 31, 31, Oct 29, 31, Nov 33, 31, Dec 30, 31, Jan 34, 31, Feb 31, 31, Mar 35, 31, Apr 32, 31, May 36, 31, June 33, 31, July 31, 30, Aug 35, 31, Sept 32, 31, Oct 30, 31, Nov 34, 31, Dec 31, 31, Jan 35, 31, Feb 32, 31, Mar 36, 31, Apr 33, 31, May 37, 31, June 34, 31, July 32, 30, Aug 36, 31, Sept 33, 31, Oct 31, 31, Nov 35, 31, Dec 32, 31, Jan 36, 31, Feb 33, 31, Mar 37, 31, Apr 34, 31, May 38, 31, June 35, 31, July 33, 30, Aug 37, 31, Sept 34, 31, Oct 32, 31, Nov 36, 31, Dec 33, 31, Jan 37, 31, Feb 34, 31, Mar 38, 31, Apr 35, 31, May 39, 31, June 36,

RAILWAY MAIL FORCE LACKS MEN BECAUSE OF PAY

BY ARTHUR M. EVANS.

The railway mail clerks—20,000 of them—point a moral and adorn a political cartoon. They strike because they do not get paid as much as they should. They are the backbone of the postal service, yet they are the only group in the government, apart from the army and navy, who are not paid as much as they should.

Bonus Is Only Raise. The 1914 cost of living, the statistician at Washington figure, has advanced almost 50 per cent. Organized labor has pushed up its wages all the way from 80 to 110 per cent, and even more in the case of some groups. But the pay of the railway mail clerks in all this time has been increased on an average, only about 30 per cent. At that, the advances have

WOMAN'S HOSPITAL TO BUILD ADDITION; PLANS FUND DRIVE

On the night of May 4 the Woman's Hospital of Chicago, at 460 East Third

street, will inaugurate a campaign for its enlargement fund with a reception to its patrons and friends in the ballroom of the Aviation club of Chicago at 139 North Clark street. Miss Hilda Ostman is one of the patronesses. The hospital is planning to build a hundred bed addition on ground adjoining the present buildings to relieve the acute shortage of hospital room in the city. The money collected will also be used as an endowment fund to increase resources for taking care of charity cases. The hospital, like others in Chicago, is compelled to maintain a waiting list of sick seeking admission.

come not in the shape of an advanced salary schedule, but as bonuses, which might be snipped off later if Congress deemed fit. Back in 1912 salaries for railway mail

clerks ranged from \$900 to \$1,800, there being ten grades. In July, 1918, a flat bonus of \$200 was given by congress, and in July, 1919, a graded bonus of between \$200 and \$125 was granted. This brought the entrance salary up to \$1,300 and the salary of the class 10 men up to \$2,125. There are only a few of the latter—they are clerks in charge of trains with two mail cars.

Young Men Seek Better Jobs.

The result of the low compensation has been to force a large proportion of the younger men into other occupations in which pay is higher. The older men, whose brains have turned into filing cabinets of stations, lines, and routes, stick along and wrestle with high cost as best they can.

Postal service is reduced in speed and efficiency; business, commerce, industry, and personal correspondence are all losers. Lack of man power, any postal expert will tell you, is the great trouble with the postoffice department today.

Flourish galore have been presented to congress on the financial status of all postal employees. Along in May or June something is looked for that may cheer up the service.

In Chicago there are 815 railway mail clerks. Of these, more than one-half are in the lowest grade, getting \$1,200 a year. Only eighteen are in superior positions paying from \$1,850 to \$2,125 a year, and these are men whose lifetime has been spent in the service. They run the great terminals in which the mail is sorted. For example, one expert in charge of 250 clerks is getting \$2,125 a year. The majority of the men in the entire service in the country are in the class paying \$1,750 or \$1,825, and they are

all men who have taken much training before they could enter and have kept up their studies ever since for an hour and a half a day, that being the average time, according to postal officials, which the clerks must spend to keep up with the cards. In six years the pay of these grades has advanced about 25 per cent.

Official Tells Conditions.

Here is what one official of the Railway Mail association said yesterday:

"The result is that we are not getting the high grade men we formerly did, such as school teachers, farmers, railroad office employees. This has led to a reduction in the tests. Formerly when a clerk failed in his examinations two times he was reduced in grade. The third time he failed he was dismissed. In those days they had large states like Illinois with 2,700 offices. Pennsylvania with over 4,000, at one examination, and very seldom a clerk failed to pass on a grade of less than 90. Often he made a grade of 100."

"The caliber of those now entering is such that clerk after clerk fails three to six times, regardless of the fact that states have been divided into sections so that only 300 cards were handled at one examination, a card representing a postoffice. That's one reason why mails are slow."

Morale of Service Wrecked.

"Low salaries, the curtailment and reduction of service, the reduction of the working force, and various rulings that have worked against the employees, have lowered the morale of the postal service, I regret to say, to a deplorable degree. Salaries are needed that will keep the good men and bring in new ones of requisite caliber."

Judges Admit Ordering Oaths "to Be Passed Up"

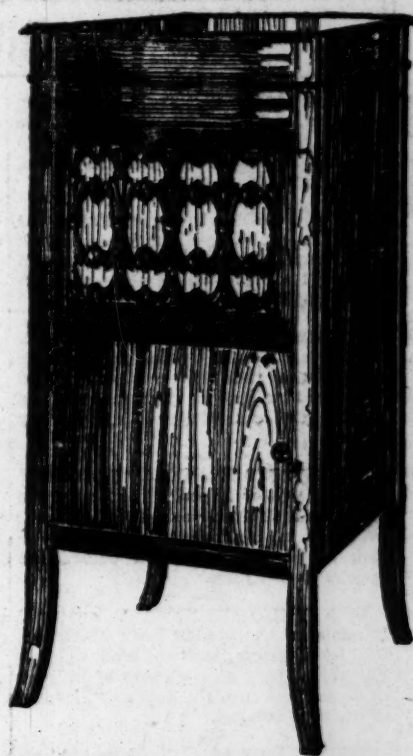
Judges John Stolk and Harry Moran, who have presided in Speeders' court, yesterday told Chief Justice Olson that the four clerks charged with failing to administer the oath to witnesses acted on their order. When the dockets became overcrowded they relieved the minute clerks of this duty, the judges explained.

Wholesale Selling Price of Beef in Chicago

Prices realized on Swift & Company sales of carcass beef on shipments sold out for periods shown below, as published in the newspapers, averaged as follows, showing the tendency of the market:

Week Ending	Range Per Cwt.	Average Per Cwt.
Mar. 6.....	15.53	15.53
Mar. 13.....	17.42	17.42
Mar. 20.....	18.00	18.00
Mar. 27.....	17.31	17.31
Apr. 3.....	17.54	17.54
Apr. 10.....	17.42	17.42
Apr. 17.....	18.75	18.75
Apr. 24.....	18.25	18.25

Swift & Company
U. S. A.



Heppelwhite

One of Seventeen Distinctive
New Edison Cabinets

Praise for the New Edison phonograph comes not only from those who know and appreciate good music, but from connoisseurs of fine furniture as well.

Miss Elsie De Wolfe, America's foremost authority on furniture, says—"..... The superior value of Edison cabinets can scarcely fail to impress the lover of good furniture."

"These graceful and artistic productions will be hailed with delight in many homes where less worthy phonographs have not been welcomed heretofore," is the opinion of Lady Randolph Churchill, England's greatest furniture authority.

All of the seventeen New Edison cabinets are authentic replicas of the best historical examples of Chippendale, Sheraton, Heppelwhite, the Brothers Adam and other masters.

Best of all things, the New Edison actually Re-Creates music. The absolute realism of its performance is so true to life that one never thinks of it as phonographic reproduction.

**The
NEW EDISON**

No needles to change. Even records of all other makes sound more human when played on the New Edison.

Call at our shop, see and hear this wonderful phonograph. Ask about our Budget Plan. This plan makes it easy for everyone to own a New Edison.

The price of the Heppelwhite Model shown above is \$167.50.
Other models \$95 to \$6,000.

The Edison Shop

229 South Wabash Ave. Phone Harrison 7614

Who Discovered RICORO?

Told by a Movie Idol



".....I register Joy, Satisfaction and Economy, with every fragrant puff!"

"A Camera Man discovered Ricoro cigars," declared the Movie Idol, as he reached for the matches. "It's quite a tale!"

"I was doing a sort of 'bachelor's reverie' picture before a scenery fire place in the studio, when the director said: 'Somebody give him a cigar.'"

"The camera man handed me one and I lit it up."

"Along toward the middle of the scene, the director shouted—'Hey!—don't puff so hard—this isn't a fog or a prairie fire—and get that look of surprise off your face!' But that cigar was such a winner that I couldn't do one or the other."

"Later on I asked the camera kid how he could afford such

superb cigars on his salary."

"Rats," he laughed, "even the 'extras' can afford Ricoro. That size costs only 2 for 25c at any United Cigar Store."

"I registered surprise, joy and gratitude—and I've featured Ricoro in private life as well as on the screen, from that day to this."

Sooner or later, you'll discover Ricoro. You'll discover the mildness—the tropic balminess—which you have always hoped to find in a cigar. Because Ricoro is imported from Porto Rico, duty free, it costs no more than domestic cigars. A dozen shapes and sizes—8c to 3 for 50c. Sold only in United Cigar Stores. "Thank You!"



Cabinet Size
2 for 25c.
Buy them by the
Box of 50—\$5.00
11 other sizes
8c to 3 for 50c
Imported
from
Porto Rico

UNITED CIGAR STORES

Ricoro
the "Self-Made" Cigar

"EVENTUALLY —why not NOW"

For many years "Eventually, why not now?" has impressed the people of the world with the futility of experimenting in the choice of flour.

The same psychology exists in everything needed by humanity when several products of varying accomplishments are obtainable.

"Eventually, why not now?" is a natural thought of the well-informed woman who needs an electric washer.

"I know the A-B-C Super Electric is the acknowledged leader of all washers," she reasons. "Eventually it is the washer I will own. No other washer can ever give me such complete freedom. No other is so absolutely safe. No other is so efficient, or so quick and simple. No other washer can really satisfy me. Then, WHY NOT NOW?"

More than sixty reliable electrical appliance dealers in and near Chicago sell the A-B-C. See the one nearest you, or visit or phone our convenient loop store, just off of State St.

Free trial demonstration in your own home without slightest obligation. Easiest of easy payment terms if desired.

It will be "EVENTUALLY" so make it "NOW"

The A-B-C Sales Co.,
24 West Lake Street
Telephone Central 459

**A-B-C
Super Electric**
AMERICA'S LEADING WASHING MACHINE

QUALITY IS THE BASIS OF TRIBUNE ADVERTISING

ROADS SAY RAIL TIEUP IS BROKEN; PLANTS DOUBT IT

Railroads' claims that 90 per cent of the normal freight traffic was being handled yesterday were disputed by manufacturers in the central district, who declared raw materials were almost impossible to secure and outgoing shipments were few and far between.

Embargoes on many roads due to the switchmen's strike were declared to be fluctuating on an "off a'gin, on a'gin" basis. Coal and food supplies, still receiving precedence, were arriving at almost normal rates.

At "rebel" union headquarters, few sour looks held away. The strikers evidently had determined to "sit on the lid" to the last gasp.

1,983 Yardmen at Work.

The Railway Managers' association announced that 1,983 men were working, and 2,422 cars of coal and 1,084 cars of live stock were handled.

Rumors that the "outlaw" unions had been prompted by the railroad brotherhoods, who hoped by an outbreak to obtain action delayed by the federal authorities for months, were generally scoffed.

The Wabash, Chicago and Eastern Illinois, Monon, Erie, and Chicago and Western Indiana roads are now using Englewood as their Chicago incoming terminal, to save switching in the Dearborn yards, it was reported.

Permelee Strike a "Runaway."

Meanwhile the drivers of the Permelee company loitered at the barns, waiting for higher wages to be granted them.

Charles A. McCulloch, president of the company, said it had offered a raise to its 500 men, who refused to consider it. John Cassidy, president of the teamsters' local involved, insisted the men individually had walked out, and had rejected his request to them to return to work.

Twenty-five hundred Chicago bakers, who have shown symptoms of strike fever, were quiescent yesterday. Their wage demands are being arbitrated. J. B. Eddington, president of the Master Bakers' association, asserted.

Coal Shortage Imperils Schools; May Be Closed

Unless railroad congestion due to the switchmen's strike is relieved, Chicago schools may close again within a week. The board of education's surplus supply of coal has been used up, according to John R. Howatt, chief engineer. Efforts to secure 400 tons are being made. High schools affected are the Austin, Marshall, Lane, Crane, Harrison, and Lake View. The Mozart and McCormick elementary schools are managed, too.

CHICAGO NEWS IN BRIEF

WITH ONLY eighteen were now in progress, the annual convention of the National Association of Nitro-Glycerin Manufacturers, at the Congress hotel, was inclined to be gloomy.

THE NATIONAL convention of the Committee of Forty-eight, whose aim it is to "conduct an aggressive campaign against both the reactionary old parties," will be held July 10, 12, and 13.

POLICEMAN MICHAEL MUL-LANE, an Austin veteran, shot twice during the race riots, was dragged fifty feet when he jumped from a street car and stopped a runaway team.

ASSISTANT STATE'S ATTORNEY John E. Foster appeared before Judge Foell and obtained an order to have evidence in connection with the election fraud hearing taken before the special grand jury.

WINFIELD BENNETT, captured Sunday in the woods near Matteson, Ill., by a posse, was ordered held to the grand jury on a charge of murder at an inquest into the death of Herbert Cobb, also colored.

THREE PAY ROLL bandits h. up Charles Cochran, an employe of the Wales Adding Machine company, as he was about to enter the office of the Standard State Fiber company at 1656 Besley court yesterday morning, and relieved him of his bag of tools. The police learned a messenger carrying the weekly pay roll usually arrived at the office of the fiber company about the time of the holdup.

EXTEND 6 CENT FARE TO JUNE 30 ON SURFACE LINES

After a conference of members of the public utilities commission, Chicago street railway officials and Chester E. Cleveland, special counsel for the city, an order was issued by the commission yesterday extending the period during which the 6 cent fare can be collected from May 1 up to and including June 30.

The commission, in a statement, said the surface lines had shown their operating expenses could not be met by the 5 cent fare and that even now they are unable to make a profit. The city has been ordered to present its case in full before May 20 and the companies' answer is to be filed by June 10.

The report of the company showed an increase in revenues of \$751,632 for February over the same month last year, but Attorney James Shean said old debts and interest on bonds gave the company no profits from the increase.

D. C. Caldwell, city appraiser, in a report, said poles, wires, and fittings owned by the surface lines were worth \$1,000,000 less than the company claimed, while the tracks were worth \$42,000 less.

JUDGE SABATH fixed May 3 as the day James Vincel must go to trial as one of the slayers of "Moss" Enright.

ATTORNEY FRANCIS F. WILSON withdrew his petition asking that officials of the Zion City church be directed to appear before the legislature's investigating committee. The Supreme court has ruled the legislature has no right to investigate Zion.

UNIFORM DRESS, consisting of white middie blouses and skirts among other articles, with ribbons and ties in class colors, urged for girl graduates of Evanston public schools by Mrs. George T. Crossland, head of the sewing classes.

ONE HUNDRED AND TWENTY-FIVE Oak Park women were presented with Red Cross diplomas.

SALVADORE PARRELLA, a drug-gist, 754 Webster avenue, reported that sixty-three cases of whisky valued at \$7,200 were stolen.

DECLARING she would kill herself and five children before she would submit to eviction from 932 North Francisco avenue, Mrs. W. McCarthy made an appeal to Ald. Robert J. Mulcahy, chair of the council rent committee. The alderman negotiated with Dennis J. Egan, chief bailiff of the Municipal court, to see what could be done to stop the writ.

Smart Sweaters of Camel's Hair

THIS Jaeger sweater of soft, natural camel's hair, with wide Tuxedo brushed collar and belt, gives a modish, well-tailored poise and charm.



The body of the sweater is unbrushed, providing a pleasant contrast with collar and belt. The color is natural camel's hair.

Price \$26.00

Catalog on request.

Prompt attention to mail orders.

Jaeger
Woolware
100% PURE NATURAL WOOL

Dr. Jaeger's Sanitary Woolen System Co.
CHICAGO—20 N. Michigan Avenue
WHOLESALE—387-393 Fourth Ave., New York

J-146

The Blunt Truth About "Overall Clubs" and the Men Who Wear Overalls

THE "OVERALL CLUB" MOVEMENT is sweeping the country. Bankers, professional men, manufacturers and men in all walks of life, who have plenty of clothes and money to buy more, are wearing blue denim overalls, for years the indispensable garb of the workingman and farmer, in a mistaken and misguided effort to reduce the high cost of clothing.

Public-spirited citizens are practicing economy by donning a suit of blue denim overalls to ride in their eight thousand dollar limousines.

We are in sympathy with any movement that will help reduce the high cost of living and are at all times ready and anxious to help along a good cause.

We profit by this movement, as the publicity and advertising given our product free by all newspapers of the country could not be bought for hundreds of thousands of dollars. BUT---

In justice to the man who wears overalls, not from choice but from actual necessity, we cannot conscientiously keep silent and profit from a movement which will have only one result, and that is that the man who must wear overalls will be forced to pay more for them.

The immutable law of supply and demand is still in effect. Manufacturers of overalls have no control over this.

Blue denim for the past two years or so has been the scarcest cloth on the market. Strange as this may seem, it is practically impossible to buy denims today from the denim mills at any price.

Overall manufacturers who make good, serviceable garments are months behind on their orders.

Every pair of overalls bought by a man who will use them only while this fad is on, simply leaves one pair less for the man who has to wear them.

This Fad Will Not Reduce the Cost of Clothing. It Will Merely Increase the Cost of Overalls

It is, indeed, hard for a man to talk against his own interest. It takes courage for one to knock his own game and spend money to do it besides. But---

It is this same courage that has built up The Crown Overall Mfg. Co., from an insignificant little concern to the largest establishment of its kind in the world. It is this same spirit and broad-minded policy that has helped to spread the name and fame of CROWN OVERALLS from one end of the country to the other.

Our business is built on **QUALITY, SERVICE** and the **SQUARE DEAL**. A square deal for our employees—A square deal for our customers—A square deal for Crown Overall wearers. With this thought in mind we say to you Bankers, Judges, Officials, Professional Men, Jewelers, Milliners, etc., "Take the advice of men who know the overall game—men who are recognized leaders and authority in the overall world: **LEAVE OVERALLS TO THEIR LEGITIMATE WEARERS—THE WORKING MAN AND THE FARMER. DON'T BOOST THE PRICE ON THEM.** Buy your clothing from your clothier as you have always done and keep the wheels of industry turning."

The Crown Overall Manufacturing Company

• OSCAR BERMAN, President

Cincinnati, Ohio

If you want to know more about overalls, read our two-page advertisements in the Saturday Evening Post, headed "THE WORLD WORKS IN CROWN OVERALLS." Or, write for illustrated booklet, entitled "MAKING THE WORLD'S WORK GARMENTS." About 25,000 dealers in all parts of the world sell CROWN OVERALLS, and about 4,000,000 men and boys wear them. They all willingly testify to the superior quality of Crown Overalls. Better overalls than our CROWN SYSTEM and CROWN SPECIAL garments are not made anywhere. If it were possible to make them better we would do so. If better materials were obtainable we would use them. If better designers could be found we would employ them. Our line is the most complete in America. Our plant is the largest and most modern of its kind in the world. A scientific plan of routing work thru an ideally arranged plant enable CROWN girls to earn higher wages than in any Union or non-union plant anywhere. Wages of \$30 to \$40 per week of 44 hours is the rule, not the exception, and frequently that amount is exceeded. An entire floor is set aside exclusively for employees' welfare and recreation.

UNION MADE

WAR SURPLUS PLANT SITES

Replaces \$350,000 Plant for \$24,000

New Jersey manufacturer disposes of plant and buys bigger factory at Hopewell—releases \$300,000 working capital

Here is how one manufacturer solved his financial, labor and production problems by moving to Hopewell.

This prosperous, well established manufacturer owned a property valued at \$350,000, which had cost him less than half that amount two years ago.

Orders kept coming. His business kept growing. He needed more production and a bigger working capital in order to expand. Then acute labor problems developed, further curtailing production. His worries multiplied daily with no relief in sight.

During this critical period he read about Hopewell and decided to investigate at once.

He found at Hopewell the advantages he needed most. It was his big opportunity. He didn't hesitate. Time meant money.

He sold his plant for \$350,000 and for \$24,000 bought a bigger factory at Hopewell. He thus released more than \$300,000 for working capital.

Hopewell solved this manufacturer's financial difficulties almost over night. He didn't have to borrow a nickel—no notes to meet—no interest to pay—no obligations to be thankful for.

And besides, he got a bigger, modern factory building, with a railroad siding already built where uncrowded, economical transportation facilities are directly at hand.

He is also assured of a plentiful supply of male and female American labor.

Hopewell workers are loyal and reliable because living conditions are better and cheaper than in any other industrial community in America. Housing facilities are plentiful and ideal. Hopewell has homes for 12,000 families. They are of the most modern type, with electric lights, water, plumbing and all other conveniences.

The natural advantages at Hopewell, too, are unparalleled. The climate is mild and healthful, water and power are plentiful and cheap. Basic raw materials are easily obtained. Industries at Hopewell are free from harassing municipal restrictions.

You, too, can reap these advantages. You can expand your business to greater advantage and at little cost at Hopewell.

Write at once for additional information about the wonderful opportunities that Hopewell has to offer you.

The advice of our technical experts and engineers is available at all times to manufacturers investigating Hopewell.



Du Pont Chemical Co.
Incorporated
Wilmington, Delaware
Petersburg Chamber
of Commerce
Petersburg, Va.

HOPWELL

COALITION BILL CONGRESS TO PAY VETS' BONUS

Washington, D. C., April 26.—A retentive tax on war profits has been agreed on by house Democrats and insurgent Republicans to provide for soldier relief legislation.

Representative Rainey, Democrat, Illinois, and Johnson, Republican, South Dakota, in a statement issued tonight, announced that a bill would be introduced tomorrow providing for the collection of the tax.

The plan of the Republican leaders has not been finally agreed upon, but the main provision probably will be the imposition of a 1 per cent tax on income and above the pre-war income.

The battle upon financing soldier bonus legislation, scheduled to commence in the house May 3, promises to hinge upon these two conflicting schemes for meeting the expense of the war.

Eight Per Cent Tax Is Planned.
Under the bill to be submitted tomorrow by Representative Royal, Republican, a 20 per cent tax will be levied on individual and corporate incomes above the pre-war income.

An exemption of \$20,000 for individuals and \$100,000 for corporations, however, is a statement issued tonight, announced that a bill would be introduced tomorrow providing for the collection of the tax.

The plan of the Republican leaders has not been finally agreed upon, but the main provision probably will be the imposition of a 1 per cent tax on income and above the pre-war income.

The battle upon financing soldier bonus legislation, scheduled to commence in the house May 3, promises to hinge upon these two conflicting schemes for meeting the expense of the war.

What Corporations Are.
Corporations under the counter revenue bill of the Democrats and "insurgent Republicans," includes "association, joint stock companies and business companies."

Rainey said the measure would raise \$2,000,000,000 for carrying out soldier relief, and would have the support of the Democrats in the house. No announcement, however, was made as to the number of insurgent Republicans expected to support counter revenue bill.

ALL LAWYERS ON COUNCIL'S NEW JUDICIARY BODY

Bloxi, Miss., April 26.—[Special.]—In an all day session here today the organization committee of the Chicago city council completely revamped the council judiciary committee and voted to create a committee on revenue and elections. It was the first full attendance session. The work may be ended by Wednesday night.

The judiciary committee under the plan adopted will consist of thirteen members, all of them lawyers, and including all the lawyers in the council. Ald. Guernsey, a lawyer, fathered the plan. It had the hearty support of

Aldermen Olsen and Schwartz who are also attorneys. Ald. Walkowiak may head the committee.

Only three of the old members remain on the committee. They are Fetzer, Kostner, and Lynch. The new members are S. M. Hogan, L. B. Anderson, Schwartz, Passmore, Eaton, Guernsey, Walkowiak, Olsen, Steffen, and Lyle.

Ald. Cermak, chairman of the old judiciary committee, is to be given the chairmanship of the newly created committee on revenue and elections.

Opposition developed to the plan to give Mayor Thompson control of the local transportation committee, with Ald. Garner as chairman. Ald. Schwartz objected strenuously.

"To give the mayor control would be simply passing the buck to him and playing football with the 5 cent fare question," he said.

Champ Clark Is Picked by Woman for Presidency

Washington, D. C., April 26.—Dispatches from New York today quote Mrs. Julia Sanders, an officer of the Swastika club, a woman's political organization, as stating that Champ Clark has decided to become a candidate for the Democratic presidential nomination.

Mrs. Sanders said Mr. Clark desired to make the announcement through a woman's organization in appreciation of the charming compliment the women voters of the country have paid him by supporting him during his public career.

The former speaker, when confronted with these dispatches, said that while he had not authorized any one to announce his candidacy, "no man could decline such an honor if offered freely."

Mandel Brothers

Men's shop, second floor

Featuring a man's stylish tweed

raincoat and topcoat combined

A raincoat, strictly speaking, never shows the style and "class" that characterize this topcoat—nor is a topcoat usually rainproof. The coats in this offer, with their double advantage of smart fashion and all-weather utility, are quoted

at an extremely
moderate price:
\$25

All the coats are thoroughly ventilated. There is an excellent assortment of models, with belt at back, full belt, or no belt. The colors comprise blue, gray and brown.

Men's shop, second floor.

A new coat free for any of these that is not waterproof.



Gee! I Like Bran Muffins!

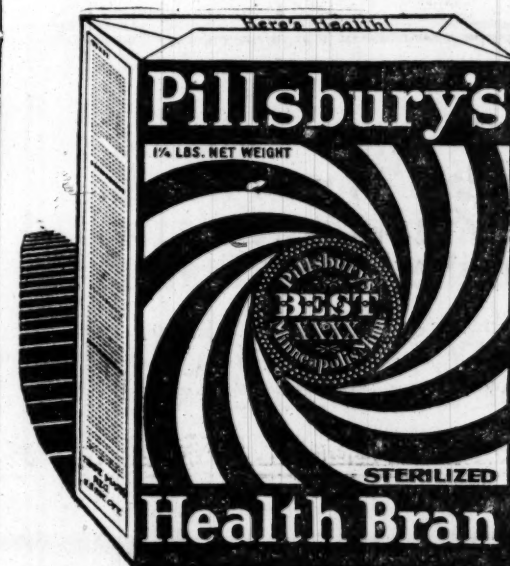


Of course he does. So will you, if you make them with Pillsbury's Health Bran. For best results, follow the special recipe on the Pillsbury package. Your muffins will be light, tender and delicious.

Pillsbury's Health Bran is not cooked, or "doctored" in any way. It is the outer coat of the wheat berry, thoroughly cleaned and sterilized. The large, coarse flakes are unusually effective as a laxative. As for their rich, nut-like flavor—well, just try these bran muffins!

Always buy Pillsbury's Family of Foods—different in kind, but alike in quality. At your grocer's.

Pillsbury's Best Flour Pillsbury's Wheat Cereal
Pillsbury's Health Bran Pillsbury's Pancake Flour
Rye, Graham and Macaroni Flours



Pillsbury's
FAMILY OF FOODS
Health Bran

PILLSBURY FLOUR MILLS COMPANY
Minneapolis, Minn.



You Are Noticeably Well-Dressed, If You Dress To Avoid Notice

DRESSING for display may be the foreign idea, but it is foreign to American ideas. Flippancy and exaggeration are excluded from Stein-Bloch Clothes this season, as every season. Our clothes stay in style. You will be just as proud of them next year.

You do not need to know what the Recognized Fashions are for Spring. All you need to know is where our clothes are on sale!

Stein-Bloch
Smart Clothes

For Sale by
CARSON PIRIE SCOTT & CO.

STEIN-BLOCH MADE QUALITY THE HABIT OF YEARS, LONG BEFORE QUALITY BECAME THE HEADLINE OF THE DAY!

SOW
Barnard's
SEEDS
231 W. MADISON ST.

ASK FOR and GET
Horlick's
The Original
Malted Milk
For Infants and Invalids
Avoid Imitation and Substitutes

RESORTS—FOREIGN.

Europe's Warmest and Most Attractive Winter and Spring Resorts—Twixt Glorious Alps and the Blue Sea—**HOTELS OF THE HIGHEST ORDER**

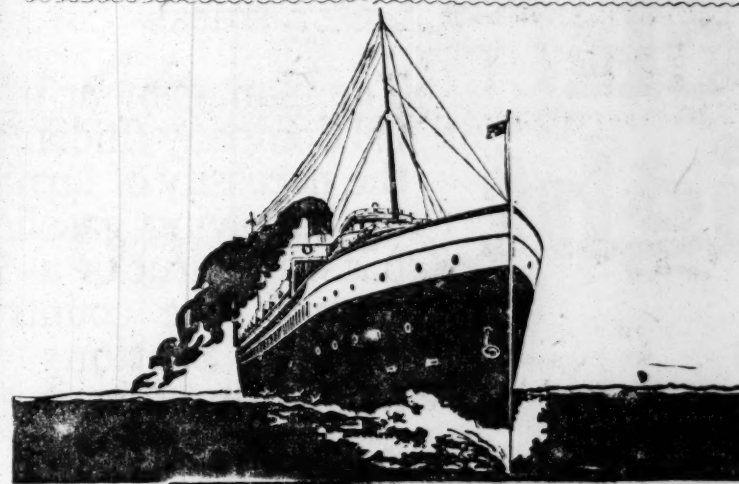
Cannes
Nice
Monte Carlo
Monaco
Mentone
Casinos, Excursions, Polo, Tennis, Golf
at Cannes, Nice, and on the wonderful Links of Mont Agel above MONTE CARLO, famous for its Classic Concerts, Grand Opera and Theatres with great artists, for the Sporting Club, Beau Arts and complete

HYDROPATHIC ESTABLISHMENT
Riviera Trains de Luxe from Havre, Calais, Paris, Bordeaux and Marseilles
Booklets with full information from this Journal's Travel Bureau

HEALTH RESORTS

North Shore Health Resort Sanitarium
Need a Rest?
Do you need a change and rest? Are you suffering from high blood pressure or from a chronic disease? Have you had the influenza? This is the place to build up tired nerves and weakened bodies. Daily treatment under the supervision of a competent medical staff. All the comforts and climate of a well appointed hotel.
North Shore Health Resort
Phone 211. WINNETKA, ILL.
Write for Descriptive Booklet.

RESORTS AND HOTELS



GOODRICH
STEAMSHIP
LINES

Announcement
1920 Lake
Passenger & Freight
Season Is On
Overnight Service

S. S. Alabama
To Muskegon, Grand Haven and Grand Rapids
Tuesday, Thursday, Saturday, 7:45 P. M.

Use the regular Goodrich dependable passenger and freight service. Saves time and terminal delays—short cut to Michigan and Wisconsin.

Grand Haven	\$3.25	One way	\$6.00	Round Trip
Muskegon	\$3.25	One way	\$6.00	Round Trip
Grand Rapids	\$3.85	One way	\$7.70	Round Trip

STEAM HEATED CABINS AND STATEROOMS

GOODRICH TRANSIT COMPANY

City Ticket Office: 104 So. Clark St.
(New Location) Phone Randolph 4076

Docks: Foot Michigan Blvd.—At Link Bridge

EDUCATIONAL.

ACCOUNTING
COST-C.P.A. EXECUTIVE

Efficiently and practically taught within a short time by the oldest exclusively accounting school. Call, write or phone (Randolph 3880) for book No. 9, telling you how to increase your income and prepare during spare time home study for wonderful opportunities. Open evenings and Saturday afternoons.

International Accountants' Society
1838 First Nat. Bk. Bldg., Chicago

Forceful Speech

Make your words carry conviction. We train you to speak forcefully to think on your feet to use better English, to make an occasional speech to converse well.

BRYANT & STRATTON
BUSINESS COLLEGE
Phone Randolph 1575 116 S. Michigan Ave.

Preparatory School

For Law, Medical, Dental, Pharmacy, and other professional schools; for entrance to colleges and universities; for teachers' examinations and all other examinations requiring a high school equivalent.

The Balfour Johnstone School
1314 Garrick Bldg., 64 W. Randolph St.

LEARN FILING AND INDEXING

Our graduates get the positions higher in Day and Evening Classes. Seasonable tuition. Call, Telephone Randolph 5725, or write Director, Miss Irene Warren.

Chicago School of Filing & Indexing
GLOBE-WERNICKE COMPANY
11 N. Wabash Ave. Chicago, Ill.

Y M C A SCHOOLS

Elementary, commercial, technical, high school. School of Liberal Arts and School of Commerce. Day and Evening classes. Ask for catalog of the school in which you are interested.

19 S. La Salle St. Central 6780

BURROUGHS SCHOOL

Report to Day or Evening Class
Central
BURROUGHS ADDING MACHINE SCHOOL
354, 140 S. Dearborn St., Chicago

SUCCESS

The School that Graduates Expert Stenographers
Individual instruction by expert court reporters. Day and Eve. sessions; also by mail. Start now. Free catalog. Success Stenograph School, 60 W. Randolph St.

STUDY SHORTHAND at De Paul University

Munson and Gregg shorthand taught. The only accredited University in the Loop which offers a recognized course in shorthand. Day and Evening sessions. For catalog call, write or phone the DePaul. Randolph 3166. 6 N. Michigan Ave., Chicago, Ill.

GREGG SHORTHAND

SAVES TIME AND MONEY
Day and Night Sessions. Start Now.
Gregg School, 8 N. Michigan Ave., Chicago, Ill.

Bryant & Stratton Business College

Endorsed by 100,000 graduates. Day and Evening Sessions. 116 S. Michigan Ave., Chicago. Telephone Randolph 1575.

Descriptive catalog of Business Training

Course sent free upon request.
MAYO COLLEGE OF COMMERCE
1102, 116 Michigan Ave., Chicago

PHYSICAL EDUCATION

For men and women. Athletics, games, folk and amateur dancing. Accredited. (Special term opens Sept. 22. Booklet Free. American College of Physical Education, Dept. T., 4200 Grand Blvd., Chicago.

GREER COLLEGE

Auto, Truck, Tractor, Aeroplane, Engineering, Day and Evening classes. Booklet Free. Call or phone Calumet 2827, 1519 WABASH AVE.

WRITE FOR BULLETIN

Chicago Kindergarten Institute
791 RUSH STREET

Languages

BERLITZ
1229 N. Dearborn St.
French, Spanish, English, German, Italian, etc.

MINISTER SEES CHURCH AS KEY TO WORLD PEACE

BY THE REV. F. L. GRATIOT.

"If my country acts in a manner contrary to Christian principles, is it my duty to renounce my country or Christianity?"

The question was raised at a meeting of the committee on international friendship of the Chicago Church Federation yesterday by the Rev. Norman B. Barr, pastor of Olivet Presbyterian church. The Rev. Henry A. Atkinson of New York, general secretary of the American council of the World Alliance for International Friendship Through the Churches, was discussing intervention in Mexico.

Cites Cuba's Condition.
The alliance will hold a world conference at Geneva, Switzerland, next August.

"Intervention in Mexico will be necessary if that country gets in the condition of Cuba at the time we intervened there," said Dr. Atkinson. "In my opinion it is far from that now, and if left alone will work out its own salvation much better than we could."

No Likelihood of Split.

"I do not see any likelihood that we will have to decide between allegiance to our church and allegiance to our country," Dr. Atkinson said, in reply to Dr. Barr's question. "What we must do is to instill in our country Christian principles so that it will never act in such a manner as to bring up the problem suggested."

The world alliance is seeking 10,000 American members. The Chicago Church federation undertook to enlist Chicagoans. The membership fee is \$2 yearly, and includes the publication of the alliance, which is seeking to foster "just and friendly relations between this country and all other nations, especially China, Japan, and Mexico."

PLEA FOR CHURCHES

EACH day during this week of the campaign of the inter-church world movement for its budget of \$366,777.72 The Tribune presents a statement by a member of the citizens' committee telling why he believes in the movement and why he thinks others should support it.

BY JAMES B. FORGAN.

Chairman of the board of directors of the First National bank.

The interchurch world movement should appeal to all, and is sure to have the hearty support of business men who desire to have religious work conducted in the most direct, effective, and economical manner possible.

In the missionary fields, both home and foreign, the objectives of the thirty church denominations which have now agreed to cooperate through this movement are or should be practically identical. Their competitive efforts in the same fields have caused much waste of both money and energy, and have long been subject to criticism from the standpoint of practical business.

So much has been made of denominational differences and dogmas, and so little of real practical Christian service, that the main objects of true religion have been neglected or lost sight of.

The report for the first day of the campaign, announced at the workers' luncheon yesterday, showed a total of nearly \$597,319 to have been subscribed.

The quotas for the different denominations for Chicago were announced yesterday as follows:

Baptists	760,000
Congregational	370,000
Presbyterian	276,000
Disciples	50,000
Church of the Brethren	12,500
Friends, Orthodox	5,500
United Presbyterian	256,662
Reformed Church in U. S.	7,981
Evangelical Association	2,500
Methodist Episcopal	500,000
Citizens' Division	2,650,000
Total	\$4,183,000

Methodists May Remove Ancient Amusement Ban

Syracuse, N. Y., April 26.—The Rev. Dr. Edmund M. Mills, acting secretary for the general conference of the Methodist Episcopal church, which opens Saturday at Des Moines, Ia., stated tonight that the conference probably

would revise the ban on amusements, changing it from a mandatory act in the book of discipline to a word of advice. Memorials submitted from conferences all over the country show that one-third of the preachers want to eliminate all reference to dancing, theaters, and card playing.

In the matter of laymen being seated in the annual conference the memorials show them to be defeated by 500 votes.



Manhattan Solways

SOLWAY SILK isn't absolutely pure silk; it's got a bit of fine sea island cotton woven into it—anyway, it's a wonderful shirt-making. Manhattans weave it themselves; it's exclusively theirs. Manhattan shirts of it are especially beautiful. They're \$10

Maurice L. Rothschild

Money cheerfully refunded

Southwest corner Jackson and State

Chicago Minneapolis St. Paul

KARDEX Cards in Sight



The Final Word in Record Keeping

MODERN business demands more than complete records of activities and transactions. It has come to recognize that records must be readily accessible and absolutely accurate if they are to be of value in planning and deciding—if they are to be the basis for control in business. And so, over 40,000 business concerns, representing over 300 different lines of business have accepted Kardex as the final word in record keeping.

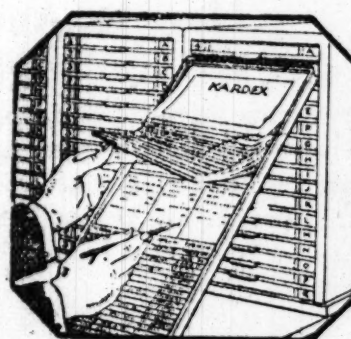
Kardex makes records instantly accessible. It puts the important data on each and every record card in plain sight. It eliminates the same wasting, "hunt and search" card-in-box method that requires the handling of many cards to find the one you want.

With records in Kardex you

can locate the card you want at a glance. A flip of a finger brings the entire card in full view. Entry on or reference to either front or back of the card is made without removing it. That feature eliminates the possibility of misfiled and lost cards.

The experiences of the thousands of Kardex users has served to show that Kardex saves from 50% to 75% of time in the maintenance of records, that it makes records from 200% to 300% more efficient, that it enforces accuracy, that it encourages the use of recorded facts and figures in planning and deciding.

In justice to yourself and your business, write for complete information about Kardex—or better still, telephone for a demonstration. There's no obligation.



AMERICAN KARDEX COMPANY
525-26 First National Bank Building
Telephone Central 281

60 Ton Miles of Motor Truck Freight Per Person

DURING 1917 (latest authentic figures available) motor trucks hauled 60 tons of freight a mile for every person in the United States.

Then the country was at war and the capacity of the railroads was overtaxed.

It is doubtful if even a small percentage of this enormous tonnage could have been moved except by motor trucks.

The management of the Standard Oil Company (Indiana), recognizing the necessity of furnishing facilities for supplying gasoline to automobiles and trucks as they traveled through the country, established Service Stations at convenient points throughout the territory served.

These Service Stations perfected the system of distribution maintained by the Company.

The drivers of this caravan of motor trucks which carried the 6 billion ton miles of freight in 1917 would have found their task more difficult of accomplishment had it not been for the network of Service Stations along the way.

While the Standard Oil Company was supplying a substantial share of the fuel consumed by these motor trucks, it also was supplying its regular patrons, and meeting the demands of the United States Government with great quantities of gasoline for war purposes.

Its preparedness, and its ability to meet an emergency, however unheralded the emergency may be, serves to emphasize one of the salient phases of the bigness of the Standard Oil Company (Indiana).

Standard Oil Company
(Indiana)
910 So. Michigan Ave., Chicago, Ill.

Gov. Calvin Coolidge

Says:

"WE need a broader, firmer, deeper faith in the people, a faith that men desire to do right, that the Commonwealth is founded upon a righteousness which will endure, a reconstructed faith that the final approval of the people is given not to demagogues, slavishly pandering to their selfishness, merchandising with the clamor of the hour, but to statesmen, ministering to their welfare, representing their deep, silent, abiding convictions."

The fourth large printing of Governor Coolidge's book,

"Have Faith in Massachusetts"

is ready. There is no second-hand thinking in this book. Read it: every speech has a vital message for this day and hour.

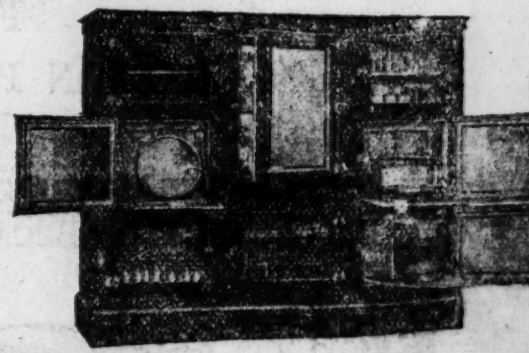
At all book-stores; or sent post-paid for \$1.50 by the publishers

Houghton Mifflin Company, Boston

MCCRAY REFRIGERATORS FOR ALL PURPOSES

There is a McCray for every refrigerator need. Thousands of stores, markets, clubs, restaurants, hotels, hospitals, institutions, homes and florist shops depend on McCray Refrigerators for efficient and economical service.

McCray Refrigerators are on display in Chicago at the McCray salesrooms, 1000 S. Michigan Avenue. Let us help solve your refrigerator problems.



MCCRAY REFRIGERATOR CO.
1000 So. Michigan Ave., Chicago, Ill.
Telephone Wabash 5580

LEGION ANGERED BY OPPOSITION OF OLD PARTIES

(BY A STAFF CORRESPONDENT.)

Washington, D. C., April 26.—(Special.)—Charging conspiracy in both Republican and Democratic parties to eliminate ex-service men from active participation in political affairs, steps were taken here today to organize the ex-service men's national political vigilance committee.

At a preliminary conference Col. Grant T. Trent, Rogersville, Tenn., was elected temporary chairman and Private George S. Carril Jr., Indianapolis, was elected temporary secretary.

"It is apparent that the old organization leaders in both parties," Col. Trent said, "are preparing to place the sign of 'no service men need apply' on the doors of the Chicago and San Francisco conventions. There is no organization of service men which is making an effort to secure the proper representation in the party councils of the men who won the war."

A scumming of the list of delegates already selected for both national conventions will reveal the astounding fact that former soldiers will have about as large a representation on the floor of the convention as the people of Guam.

The same condition obtains with regard to the candidates nominated and being considered for nomination for state and county offices throughout the country.

"It is true that Gen. Wood is the most prominent candidate for the Republican nomination, but the old line Republican leaders are insisting that he should be eliminated, solely on account of his military service. They do not otherwise question his fitness for the high office."

"Gen. Pershing was simply scoffed at as a presidential possibility."

"Conditions in the Democratic party are even worse."

609 NURSES TO BE GRADUATED TONIGHT; GIRL, 15, YOUNGEST

Ruth S. Sederberg, 15 years old, a student at the Lake View High school,



is the youngest of a class of 609 "short course" nurses to be graduated tonight at the Municipal Tuberculosis Sanitarium, Bryn Mawr and Crawford avenues.

The new class will bring the total of graduates from Health Commissioner John Dill Robertson's city school of nursing up to 3,500. The commission's objective is 10,000. Mrs. Edward Hines will preside. The invocation will be delivered by the Rev. M. P. Boynton. Mayor Thompson will confer the certificates of graduation. Speeches will be made by Dr. Robertson, Dr. W. A. Evans, and Bishop Samuel Fallows.

The next class will be started Monday. Get your application in early, advises Dr. Robertson.

Bryan Sure of Seat as a San Francisco Delegate

Lincoln, Neb., April 26.—Unofficial tabulations made today on the vote cast at last Tuesday's primary on delegates to the Democratic national convention give almost positive assurance that William Jennings Bryan will be one of the four delegates at large. Mr. Bryan is approximately 1,300 votes ahead of his closest competitor.

POLITICAL OUIJA IN 5 STATES WILL PERFORM TODAY

Republican voters, managers, and friends of the aspirants for the presidential nomination are watching today for signs from widely separated states, in five of which either primaries or conventions will assist in supplying political "dope."

There will be primaries in Massachusetts, New Jersey, and Ohio; conventions in Washington and Idaho. At the primaries 112 delegates to each national convention will be selected. In Massachusetts, which Maj. Gen. Wood has given as his legal residence, the contest is between the Wood forces and the party organization which wants a delegation favorable to Gov. Calvin Coolidge. Senator Lodge is one

of the Coolidge backers. Thirty-two district and four delegates at large are to be chosen. Wood managers claim sixteen of the delegates. Only names of contestants for delegate will be on the ballots; names of Wood, etc., will not. The Democrats have expressed no preference as to aspirants for the nomination.

In New Jersey both Wood and Johnson backers claim support of the state's United States senators, Edge and Frelinghuysen. In the Democratic ranks Gov. Edwards is unopposed.

In Ohio managers for Senator Warren G. Harding claim the forty-eight delegates for him. Wood, Johnson, and Hoover are in the field, though the last named will not have his name on the ballot. Forty-eight delegates will be chosen to each convention. Gov. Cox is unopposed as Democratic aspirant for the nomination. Women are not to vote. The state convention will meet at

Bellingham, Wash., and thirteen of the fourteen delegates to the national convention will be for Senator Miles Poinsett and one will be for Herbert C. Hoover. Wood seems the delegation's probable second choice. Democratic convention May 17.

The state convention at Coeur d'Alene, Idaho, will send an unopposed delegation to the Chicago convention, but the stronger groups are claimed to be for Johnson and Wood. Senator Borah is regarded as in "control" of the delegation. Democratic convention May 17.

DEAF MUTE KILLED BY AUTO.
Bedford, Ind., April 26.—(Special.)—Victor Craig, 19 years old, a deaf mute, who was run down by an automobile driven by a young woman, is dead from his injuries.

Keep Your Eye On This Brand

The one Tea, that never disappoints the most critical tastes

"SALADA"

On a Sealed Packet, is Your Safeguard

Mandel Brothers
Sixth floor

Book ends
at 2.95

Artistic book ends made from hard plaster composition.



tion: fruit and floral designs polychromed in rich Italian colors. Choice of three patterns. Sixth floor.

Amberg

Amberg Spent Seven Years Discovering
The Law of Correspondence

The Amberg Plan Has Saved Hundreds of Years in Business

THE cost would be great enough, if only a file clerk's time were wasted by lost records, complicated indexes, unnecessary coding and arbitrary record handling routine. But everybody's time is wasted by files which won't find.

The Amberg Plan is so personally individualized to you and so closely parallels your organization plan, that it enables any employee knowing the A. B. C.'s to find any filed record in your file clerk's absence. And—the use of Amberg planned files out of office hours does not create disordered files. There is only one logical place to file or find in Amberg Indexes.

Office managers say that while the Amberg Plan creates no disturbance of routine, it gives them the greatest possible freedom in perfecting office organization.

Why the Amberg Plan is the Simplest Plan

Two simple factors govern distributing your records so they can be found instantly. First: the volume of matter created by your special relationships, purchasing, branches, agencies, etc. Second: the normal volume of records caused by the general run of your customers and prospects. Amberg factors your special volume, then applies to your normal volume the Law of Correspondence which is the fundamental law of name occurrence proved 99 1/2% accurate. Merging these elements of your filing problem in one file gives you the Amberg Plan and accurate distribution.

How the Law of Correspondence Tells Who Will Write to You

There is a practically infallible law of the occurrence of commercial names. Amberg discovered this law and named it the Law of Correspondence. By it, the proportion of names from A to Z which will have to be handled in any period, in any business, of any size, can be estimated in advance. This permits indexing the average fileable matter of individual businesses so it will distribute with practically perfect accuracy. All the fileable matter in your business is kept accurately distributed when the Amberg Plan has provided for both your special and your normal volume of records.

How to Analyze the Amberg Plan

Put the solution of your filing problem up to Amberg. If Amberg cannot prove to your satisfaction that the Amberg Plan will solve your problems you lose nothing. But—if you are convinced the Amberg Plan will solve your problems and that you are losing by present methods you will gain by a conference.

It costs much less to adopt the Amberg Plan than to keep on with obsolete or makeshift methods which won't work.

Amberg manufactures wood and steel vertical cabinets and all indexing and filing materials required for any kind of business. Amberg only sells filing equipment as a means of applying the basic laws of filing. As many concerns are using the Amberg Plan in the modern, vertical cabinets they already had as in Amberg cabinets.

New York
Boston
Cleveland

AMBERG FILE & INDEX COMPANY
1400 Fulton Street, Chicago
Telephone Monroe 2850

Pittsburgh
Detroit
Philadelphia

INDIVIDUALIZED TO YOUR BUSINESS

Amberg

The Complete Plan of Filing & Finding

Yellow Cab

Admired by
John R. Thompson

John R. Thompson, whose chain of clean, white, appetizing restaurants—whose pure foods and economical prices have solved the high-cost of living for countless thousand of busy workers, says that the YELLOW CAB should never be forgotten in the "Boost-Chicago idea."

"I have used street cabs in every progressive city in the world," said Mr. Thompson, "but in London, Paris, Berlin, New York, there is no cab-system that can in any sense compare with our own YELLOW CAB of Chicago."

"I was familiar with the plans of the Shaw Company when it first discussed the possibility of the YELLOW CAB, and I admit candidly that I looked upon the idea as a pipe-dream. I did not think that conditions would permit such an improvement. I did not see how the cab business could be rescued from its traditions and placed on a thoroughly reliable and high-class basis."

"Yet the YELLOW CAB has done that very thing and has given local transportation almost the same dignity and standing enjoyed by the foremost railway lines. The biggest thing the Company did, in my estimation, was to formulate its wonderful Community of Labor policy by which the employees became partners and equally responsible to the public."

"Another big thing, which is always big in these strenuous times was the prompt reduction in rates which compelled nearly all other cab companies to do the same thing. Chicago has benefitted tremendously because of the YELLOW CAB and now all the cities in the union are calling for 'YELLOW CABS like the YELLOW CAB of Chicago.'"

Mr. Thompson is not a stockholder in the YELLOW CAB COMPANY.

Boost Chicago
—and you boost your home.

Phone Calumet 6000

Yellow Cab Co.

* This is Ad No. 6—Watch for No. 7

The Lyon & Healy Apartment Grand Piano



Sings Under the Fingers

SECTION
GENERAL
SPORTING, S
MARKETS, W

COUNTY'S G.
DODGES LIQ
DEMOCRATS

Mayor Rules Conve
Silent on Presid

The city hall's political
everything but the wet and
was stated formally yester
Democrats went thoroughly
nothing about anyth
whether convention specific
presidential candidate
This was the net result o
city conventions held yea
the new Republican and D
city organizations held
new primary law.

The Thompson-Lundin fact
convention held in the La S
took official possession of t
can party machinery and in
ation of faith settled ever
right from the league of nati
cent fare. It was 100 per c
the presidency, but adop
planks that make Gen. Wood
weeep and others that c
Lundin's managers definite

The G. O. P. Utteranc
The only possible referenc
in the Republican
was this:

"We maintain that citizen
right to seek, by lawful mea
of laws which seem to
or obnoxious, and to
change of any public policy t
approve."

It is only an inference that
was meant to apply to
question.

No Foreign Alliances
The city hall platform fur
to diagnose the resu
went primaries as an indorse
Americanism of George
and the Republicanism of
Lincoln. On the league of n

"We are opposed to the
the league of nations
with or without reservati
edge our unyielding oppositi
country entering into any p
foreign alliance. We favor a
of this wise foreign pol
by President Washington
has been subscribed to, uphel
by every president of t
States, Woodrow Wilson a
sided.

"We appeal to congress
without further delay, a reso
the United States at p
the world, to repeal immed
wartime legislation, and to d
President Wilson that our
soldiers now in Europe and
brought home forthwith."

For Free Speech.
The platform also dem
prompt repeal of all legisla
any way interferes with
freedom of free speech, a f
peaceable assembly," and
restriction of representation
press and in the electoral
states that are restricting su
"We favor the highest su
lural preparedness to defend
against any and all fore
the platform continues.
militarism and compul
ary training. We demand
Republican party in its nat
from pledge the fathers and
of America that if it is entr
the national government, the
conscription of their son
military service unless
and approved by a vote o

Down With Profiteers
Further, the G. O. P. pla
res for exemption from t
all incomes of \$5,000 an
scription by the gover
gifts to or inheritances b
individual, firm or corporati
one of one million dolla
scription "of all American e
beginning with our
to the world war for th
assisting in the paymen
national debt," and favor
to soldiers, sailors, and
The platform demands a f
the law providing for pe
for profiteers and a
providing for prison for ta
Mayor Thompson is praise
manly and courageous stan
rights of free speech," and th
section plan and 5-cent fa
red.

It's All Thompson-Lun
The convention hall in the
was jammed with city hall o
one of the Brundage or D
film was present in any cap
even the retiring county
Mayor K. Galpin. Fred E
called the session to order,
city towns committeemen we
group.

The following officers we
for the county committee:
Chairman, Virtus C. R
Chairman, Francis P. Bra
McLaughlin; secretary, V
aid; assistant secretary, Jo
man; treasurer, P. H. Moyr
The committee on resolu
sented of William A. Bithe
Wright, Andrew H. Metz
Clark, James A. Flemm
peace, Titus Haffa, Thom
George Hitzman and
offman.

Mayor Talks for Forty
While the committee was
Thompson was introduced
a tumultuous gree
talked for forty minutes, b
the planks that wer
adopted in the platform.
read by chairman Bither a
unanimously.
The list of delegates to
convention, as reported by
Committeemen, was approve
names of the Denene
large factions appear upon t
is certain none of the

praying in the church,

BIG ADVANCE IN PRICE OF GRAINS; RYE TAKES LEAD

BY CHARLES D. MICHAELS.

Marked congestion in May deliveries of grain, combined with a scramble on the part of shorts, particularly in rye, carried prices up sharply to new high figures on the crop for the nearby futures, with the finish at the best figures to a shade under. Corn gained 5 1/2¢, while barley was unchanged to 1/8¢ higher. Strength in stocks and cotton, an upturn of 25¢50c in hogs, wet and cold weather over the west, and light offerings combined to make it hard for shorts to cover. There was an absence of selling orders at the opening, and stop loss orders were executed much above limits in consequence. Corn had a range of 5 1/2¢ to 5 3/4¢ for the day. May rye at the top showed 1 1/2¢ above Saturday's finish, there being heavy buying by northwestern shorts, the realization that transportation could not be obtained to move grain from the northwest to ill sales here being a strong factor. The disclosure that the huge business reported of late was genuine, had a great deal to do with the buying. There was nothing to indicate the leading sellers of corn of late had attempted to cover, but a majority of the pit element went home short Saturday night and came in early. Opening trades were above the offers and the sellers of the latter had to cover.

Cash Grain Higher.
Receipts of cash grain showed no improvement. Corn jumped 30¢ and oats 1/2¢, readjusting to a basis with futures. Cash oats sold up to \$1.09, a new high record here, while \$1.12 was paid for No. 2 and No. 3 white at St. Louis. The killing premiums of the cash oats over the futures, combined with the holdings of the May by cash houses, tend to make a sensational condition in this grain, but it is regarded as even more so in rye and barley, the latter being held by malsters, while exporters own the rye.

Export demand for wheat was not as keen as of late. The bulge caused the United Kingdom to pull out of the market, while France paid \$3.07 track New York and \$3.06 at the gulf. Bulk of the Canadian stock of wheat at the seaboard has been sold, either to Europe or the United States.

There was a great deal of exchanging of rye futures for the cash under way, but the only business reported was 200,000 bu at \$1.09 track Baltimore, for June shipment.

Big Trade in Provisions.
Heavy selling of July and September lard by Schwarz at the start failed to have much effect on values, as a leading packer was a free buyer. Prices advanced readily, the strength in grains and hogs being a factor. On the bulge packers sold and a reaction followed, the close being 30¢50c up on pork, unchanged to be higher on lard and unchanged to 7 1/2¢ higher on ribs. The May-July spread on lard at the last was 35¢ against 30¢ Saturday. Cash lard was 20¢ under May, against 30¢ the last few days. Loose sold at \$1.20 1/4 1/2 under the May, closing at the inside figure.

Prices follow:

Meat Pork.		Close	
High.	Low.	High.	Low.
May	37.25	36.00	36.10
July	38.05	37.10	37.30
September	38.15	37.25	37.45
May	20.15	19.75	19.85
July	20.85	20.50	20.65
September	21.75	21.35	21.55
May	18.45	18.00	18.15
July	19.25	18.80	18.95
September	19.85	19.40	19.55

CHICAGO GRAIN RECEIPTS

Inspection of grain at Chicago Monday follows:		No. 1.		No. 2.		No. 3.		No. 4.		No. 5.	
Wheat	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Corn	12	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15
Rye	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Barley	5	3	10	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15

Buy Bonds—Always Worth the Purchase Price

If you are one of our many satisfied patrons, you are enjoying the benefits obtainable only through choice First Mortgage Serial Real Estate Bonds. Your investment is always worth the purchase price.

You are sure to receive 6% interest and your investment is growing stronger each year, because of the annual payment being made on the First Mortgage Serial Loan.

If you have purchased "Greenebaum Investments" in the past, you are familiar with the many advantages offered by these securities, the kind that have successfully stood every test for sixty-five years. If you have never invested your surplus funds in our sound 6% securities, which are available in amounts of \$100, \$500, and \$1,000, we suggest that you start now.

Ask for latest list No. 42-T.

Greenebaum Sons Bank and Trust Company

Founded 1855. A State Bank
Capital and Surplus \$2,000,000

S. E. Corner La Salle and Madison Sts.

Oldest Banking House in Chicago

65 Years of Safety

Greenebaum Sons Bank and Trust Company

Capital and Surplus \$2,000,000

S. E. Corner La Salle and Madison Sts.

Oldest Banking House in Chicago

65 Years of Safety

Greenebaum Sons Bank and Trust Company

Capital and Surplus \$2,000,000

S. E. Corner La Salle and Madison Sts.

Oldest Banking House in Chicago

65 Years of Safety

Greenebaum Sons Bank and Trust Company

Capital and Surplus \$2,000,000

S. E. Corner La Salle and Madison Sts.

Oldest Banking House in Chicago

65 Years of Safety

Greenebaum Sons Bank and Trust Company

Capital and Surplus \$2,000,000

S. E. Corner La Salle and Madison Sts.

Oldest Banking House in Chicago

65 Years of Safety

Greenebaum Sons Bank and Trust Company

Capital and Surplus \$2,000,000

S. E. Corner La Salle and Madison Sts.

Oldest Banking House in Chicago

65 Years of Safety

Greenebaum Sons Bank and Trust Company

Capital and Surplus \$2,000,000

S. E. Corner La Salle and Madison Sts.

Oldest Banking House in Chicago

65 Years of Safety

Greenebaum Sons Bank and Trust Company

Capital and Surplus \$2,000,000

S. E. Corner La Salle and Madison Sts.

Oldest Banking House in Chicago

65 Years of Safety

Greenebaum Sons Bank and Trust Company

Capital and Surplus \$2,000,000

S. E. Corner La Salle and Madison Sts.

Oldest Banking House in Chicago

65 Years of Safety

Greenebaum Sons Bank and Trust Company

Capital and Surplus \$2,000,000

S. E. Corner La Salle and Madison Sts.

Oldest Banking House in Chicago

65 Years of Safety

Greenebaum Sons Bank and Trust Company

Capital and Surplus \$2,000,000

S. E. Corner La Salle and Madison Sts.

Oldest Banking House in Chicago

65 Years of Safety

Greenebaum Sons Bank and Trust Company

Capital and Surplus \$2,000,000

S. E. Corner La Salle and Madison Sts.

Oldest Banking House in Chicago

65 Years of Safety

Greenebaum Sons Bank and Trust Company

Capital and Surplus \$2,000,000

S. E. Corner La Salle and Madison Sts.

Oldest Banking House in Chicago

65 Years of Safety

Greenebaum Sons Bank and Trust Company

Capital and Surplus \$2,000,000

S. E. Corner La Salle and Madison Sts.

Oldest Banking House in Chicago

65 Years of Safety

Greenebaum Sons Bank and Trust Company

Capital and Surplus \$2,000,000

S. E. Corner La Salle and Madison Sts.

Oldest Banking House in Chicago

65 Years of Safety

Greenebaum Sons Bank and Trust Company

Capital and Surplus \$2,000,000

S. E. Corner La Salle and Madison Sts.

Oldest Banking House in Chicago

65 Years of Safety

Greenebaum Sons Bank and Trust Company

Capital and Surplus \$2,000,000

S. E. Corner La Salle and Madison Sts.

Oldest Banking House in Chicago

65 Years of Safety

Greenebaum Sons Bank and Trust Company

Capital and Surplus \$2,000,000

S. E. Corner La Salle and Madison Sts.

Oldest Banking House in Chicago

65 Years of Safety

Greenebaum Sons Bank and Trust Company

Capital and Surplus \$2,000,000

S. E. Corner La Salle and Madison Sts.

Oldest Banking House in Chicago

65 Years of Safety

Greenebaum Sons Bank and Trust Company

Capital and Surplus \$2,000,000

S. E. Corner La Salle and Madison Sts.

Oldest Banking House in Chicago

65 Years of Safety

Greenebaum Sons Bank and Trust Company

Capital and Surplus \$2,000,000

S. E. Corner La Salle and Madison Sts.

Oldest Banking House in Chicago

65 Years of Safety

Greenebaum Sons Bank and Trust Company

Capital and Surplus \$2,000,000

S. E. Corner La Salle and Madison Sts.

Oldest Banking House in Chicago

65 Years of Safety

Greenebaum Sons Bank and Trust Company

Capital and Surplus \$2,000,000

S. E. Corner La Salle and Madison Sts.

Oldest Banking House in Chicago

65 Years of Safety

Greenebaum Sons Bank and Trust Company

Capital and Surplus \$2,000,000

S. E. Corner La Salle and Madison Sts.

Oldest Banking House in Chicago

65 Years of Safety

Greenebaum Sons Bank and Trust Company

Capital and Surplus \$2,000,000

S. E. Corner La Salle and Madison Sts.

Oldest Banking House in Chicago

65 Years of Safety

Greenebaum Sons Bank and Trust Company

Capital and Surplus \$2,000,000

S. E. Corner La Salle and Madison Sts.

Oldest Banking House in Chicago

65 Years of Safety

Greenebaum Sons Bank and Trust Company

Capital and Surplus \$2,000,000

S. E. Corner La Salle and Madison Sts.

Oldest Banking House in Chicago

65 Years of Safety

Greenebaum Sons Bank and Trust Company

Capital and Surplus \$2,000,000

S. E. Corner La Salle and Madison Sts.

Oldest Banking House in Chicago

65 Years of Safety

Greenebaum Sons Bank and Trust Company

Capital and Surplus \$2,000,000

S. E. Corner La Salle and Madison Sts.

Oldest Banking House in Chicago

65 Years of Safety

Greenebaum Sons Bank and Trust Company

Capital and Surplus \$2,000,000

S. E. Corner La Salle and Madison Sts.

Oldest Banking House in Chicago

65 Years of Safety

Greenebaum Sons Bank and Trust Company

Capital and Surplus \$2,000,000

S. E. Corner La Salle and Madison Sts.

Oldest Banking House in Chicago

65 Years of Safety

Greenebaum Sons Bank and Trust Company

Capital and Surplus \$2,000,000

S. E. Corner La Salle and Madison Sts.

Oldest Banking House in Chicago

65 Years of Safety

Greenebaum Sons Bank and Trust Company

Capital and Surplus \$2,000,000

S. E. Corner La Salle and Madison Sts.

Oldest Banking House in Chicago

65 Years of Safety

Greenebaum Sons Bank and Trust Company

Capital and Surplus \$2,000,000

S. E. Corner La Salle and Madison Sts.

Oldest Banking House in Chicago

65 Years of Safety

Greenebaum Sons Bank and Trust Company

Capital and Surplus \$2,000,000

S. E. Corner La Salle and Madison Sts.

Oldest Banking House in Chicago

65 Years of Safety

Greenebaum Sons Bank and Trust Company

Capital and Surplus \$2,000,000

S. E. Corner La Salle and Madison Sts.

Oldest Banking House in Chicago

65 Years of Safety

Greenebaum Sons Bank and Trust Company

Capital and Surplus \$2,000,000

S. E. Corner La Salle and Madison Sts.

Oldest Banking House in Chicago

65 Years of Safety

Greenebaum Sons Bank and Trust Company

Capital and Surplus \$2,000,000

S. E. Corner La Salle and Madison Sts.

Oldest Banking House in Chicago

65 Years of Safety

Greenebaum Sons Bank and Trust Company

Capital and Surplus \$2,000,000

S. E. Corner La Salle and Madison Sts.

Oldest Banking House in Chicago

65 Years of Safety

Greenebaum Sons Bank and Trust Company

Capital and Surplus \$2,000,000

S. E. Corner La Salle and Madison Sts.

Oldest Banking House in Chicago

65 Years of Safety

Greenebaum Sons Bank and Trust Company

Capital and Surplus \$2,000,000

S. E. Corner La Salle and Madison Sts.

Oldest Banking House in Chicago

65 Years of Safety

Greenebaum Sons Bank and Trust Company

Capital and Surplus \$2,000,000

CATTLE MARKET GAINS; RECEIPTS SHOW BIG SLUMP

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK

Prices for live stock at Chicago yesterday were:

HOGS.	
Bulk of sales.....	\$13.75@15.40
Heavy butchers.....	13.85@14.50
Butchers, 100@120 lbs.....	13.15@13.70
Medium weights.....	14.00@14.00
Heavy and medium packing.....	12.50@14.70
Rough heavy packing.....	11.75@12.25
Light hams, 100@110 lbs.....	15.15@15.60
Light mixed, 100@110 lbs.....	14.80@15.15
Pigs, 80@115 lbs.....	12.00@14.75
Stags, subject to inspection.....	11.00@12.00

CATTLE.	
Prime steers.....	13.75@14.00
Good to choice.....	13.50@13.75
Common to good.....	10.50@11.75
Canner to inferior.....	9.00@10.50
Bulk of beef steers.....	11.00@13.00
Yearlings, poor to fancy.....	11.00@13.25
Fat cows and heifers.....	4.00@6.25
Culling cows and heifers.....	2.50@4.10
Stockers and feeders.....	10.00@11.00
Light calves to best.....	11.00@12.00
Fair to fancy calves.....	11.50@14.00

SHEEP AND LAMBS.	
Western lambs, all grades.....	12.50@13.50
Native lambs, all grades.....	15.00@16.25
Lambs, poor to best.....	14.50@16.50
Few, culls to best.....	13.00@14.00
Wethers, poor to best.....	13.00@14.00
Yearlings, poor to best.....	13.00@14.00
Bucks and stags.....	9.00@12.00
Shorn lots \$2.00@3.00 below above quotations.	

With cattle receipts practically half as large as on the previous Monday at 11,000, the market improved, especially on light steers and butcher stock, most sales showing 25¢ to 50¢ advance compared with last week. Packers, however, purchased indifferently. Few cattle were sold above \$13.00, with 1,622 lb bullocks at Armour at \$13.50.

After starting in 25¢ to 40¢ higher the hog market weakened, all the gain being lost later, with 14,000 remaining in the pens at the finish. There was an early top of \$15.75. Improved quality forced the average up 25¢ at \$14.45 against \$13.75 a week ago.

More than half of the 16,000 sheep and lambs received were consigned direct to packers from Texas and Colorado points. Trade was slow all day, with sales largely at 25¢ to 50¢ decline. Woolled Colorado at \$18.25 and fancy woolled wethers at \$17.15.

Seven western markets received 30,000 cattle, 82,000 hogs, and 32,000 sheep against 34,000 cattle, 75,000 hogs, and 20,000 sheep the previous Monday and 63,000 cattle, 121,000 hogs, and 64,000 sheep a year ago.

Receipts for today are estimated at 10,000 cattle, 20,000 hogs, and 10,000 sheep, against 13,854 cattle, 38,555 hogs, and 17,087 sheep at Chicago the corresponding Tuesday a year ago.

LIVE STOCK MOVEMENTS AT CHICAGO.

Receipts—Cattle, calves, hogs, sheep, Sat. Apr. 24, 2,801 919 18,333 925
Est. Apr. 25, 11,000 2,500 35,000 10,000

Last week.....75,000 20,230 163,547 67,654
Week ago.....29,847 6,749 45,739 41,181
Year ago.....58,282 20,652 140,169 69,383

Shipments—Sat. Apr. 24, 2,683 12,820 1,925
Est. Apr. 25, 4,000 100 9,000 3,000
Last week.....21,252 69 42,636 19,044
Week ago.....8,607 2 6,420 3,180
Year ago.....16,242 205 10,291 11,048

HAY MARKET EASY

Should railroads increase their track deliveries here for a few days dealers say hay prices might decline sharply. Arrivals of timothy yesterday were 65 cars, 2 cars alfalfa, 3 cars southwestern prairie, 1 car Illinois prairie, 3 cars twin grass, and 1 car rye straw. No. 1 timothy was \$11.00@12.00, No. 2 timothy and No. 1 clover mixed \$37.00@39.00. A car of No. 1 timothy from Kansas sold at \$32.00. Southwestern prairie ranged at \$25.00@32.00, Illinois prairie \$24.00@29.00. Rye and oat straw, \$15.00@18.00, and wheat straw, \$14 to \$15 per ton.

METAL MARKETS.

NEW YORK, April 26.—COPPER—Quiet; spot and nearby, 18½¢; May, June, and July, 19½¢; 1920—Steady; No. 1 northern, \$18.00; No. 2 northern, \$16.00@17.00; No. 3 southern, \$12.00@13.00. ANTIMONY—\$10.00. TIN—Steady; spot, \$61.50; April-May, \$60.50. LEAD—Firm; spot, \$7.00 bid; \$8.00 asked; May and June, \$7.75 bid; ZINC—Quiet; East St. Louis delivery, spot, \$9.12½ asked.

At London—COPPER—Spot, £103 7s 6d; futures, £105 17s 6d; electrolytic, spot, £111; futures, £113. ZINC—Spot, £47 10s; futures, £48 5s. LEAD—Spot, £24 10s; futures, £24 10s. ZINC—Spot, £49; futures, £50 5s.

PRODUCE MARKETS

In Chicago's butter market no change was made on extra, while cars of centralized brought to advance for 50 seconds. Poor transportation is a big factor, although 5,718 tubs arrived. Two cars of California grass butter were received here. New York declined on increased offerings; arrivals 8,000 tubs. Much that arrives is of poor quality owing to delay in transit. Other markets were slow and prices barely steady.

Cheese trade in Wisconsin was active, with prices 4½¢ to 5¢ lower. Chicago market was quiet, with prices unchanged. Eastern markets were firm.

WHOLESALE CREAMERY BUTTER PRICES

Whole Cream	Philadelphia
92 score, 66½%.....	23 1/2
91 score, 66½%.....	23 1/2
90 score, 66½%.....	23 1/2
89 score, 66½%.....	23 1/2
88 score, 66½%.....	23 1/2
87 score, 66½%.....	23 1/2
86 score, 66½%.....	23 1/2
85 score, 66½%.....	23 1/2

BUTTER PRICES TO CHICAGO RETAILERS

Score	Pack	Price
Best (92-94).....	67	68 1/2
Good (89-91).....	67	68 1/2
Medium (86-88).....	67	68 1/2

WHOLESALE CHEESE PRICES

Chicago	Consolidated	Philadelphia
Twins.....	28 1/2	29 1/2
Flats.....	30 1/2	31 1/2
S. Dais.....	30 1/2	31 1/2
D. Dais.....	30 1/2	31 1/2
Leban.....	30 1/2	31 1/2
Y. Amos.....	30 1/2	31 1/2

POULTRY—WHOLESALE

Turkeys	Old roosters	Ducks
.....	23 1/2	24 1/2
.....	23 1/2	24 1/2
.....	23 1/2	24 1/2

EGGS

Extras	48-49	40-41
.....	34 1/2	34 1/2
.....	34 1/2	34 1/2

POTATOES

White, per 100 lbs.	Sweet
.....	3.00
.....	3.00

VEGETABLES

Beets, southern, brl.	4.00@4.50
Cabbage, new, crate	4.50@5.00
Cauliflower, 2 doz.	4.50@5.00
Carrots, southern, brl.	7.00@8.00
Celery, Florida, crate	5.00@6.00
Lettuce, leaf, box	7.50@8.00
Peppers, Florida, crate	4.00@5.00
Spinach, southern, brl.	4.00@5.00
String beans, hamper	5.00@6.00
Tomatoes, crate	4.00@5.00

DRESSED BEEF

Ribs	No. 1, No. 2, No. 3
.....	41 3/4
.....	41 3/4
.....	41 3/4

VEALS

500-600 lbs.	140-160 lbs.
.....	19 1/2
.....	19 1/2

INVESTORS' GUIDE

Answers to inquiries are based upon information which THE TRIBUNE believes reliable, fair, and unprejudiced, but beyond the exercise of care in securing such information THE TRIBUNE assumes no responsibility.

Inquiries must bear the signature and address of writer in order to receive attention. Answers thought to be of public interest will be published. If an answer is not of general interest it will be mailed provided stamp is enclosed. Address letters to Investors' Guide.

Sinclair Consolidated Oil.
G. F. S.—In connection with the offering of a new issue of \$50,000,000 convertible notes the Sinclair Consolidated Oil corporation reports net earnings of \$7.27 a share in 1919 after deduction for interest and taxes. A proper allowance for depreciation and depletion would reduce this to about \$5.00 a share. An issue of \$100,000,000 of preferred stock is created, half of which is reserved for conversion of the notes. In view of the heavy interest and sinking fund charges the common stock is a long pull speculation rather than an investment.

Brief Answers.
B. L.—The Lorraine Motors corporation is an unincorporated company which has not replied to a request for a financial statement. Without complete information the stock rates as a mere speculation.

P. H., Cedar Rapids, Ia.—The Boring Tractor company of Rockford has not qualified to sell its stock in Illinois and has not replied to a request for official information.

O. C. H., Watertown, Wis.—Dayton Rubber Manufacturing company has been established. Send stamped envelope for clipping if you wish it.

SEVEN STORY BUILDING FOR MAIL ORDER CO.

BY AL CHASE.

Growth of the mail order jewelry business has forced the Harold Lachman company, which started in 1914 at 12 North Michigan avenue, to lease a seven story building to be erected at the southwest corner of West Adams and South Peoria streets, by A. Irving Jordan.

The investment in land and building is reported as around \$325,000. The building will be 125x80 and have approximately 65,000 square feet of floor space. The lessee will use about one-half. The lease is from Oct. 1 and will total \$320,000. Warren A. Cahn represented the lessee and Edwin J. Bowes Jr. & Co. the lessor.

With an eye on future expansion the Western Felt works have purchased 875 square feet adjoining on the east their present three acre plant at 4115 Ogden avenue, from John Austin for an indicated \$65,075.

Twenty-second Street Sale.
Extensive improvements are planned by Charles W. Morey, president of the Chicago Technical college, on a lot on Twenty-second street, south front, 95 feet west of Michigan avenue, which he has purchased from Hattie L. Ganorug of Madison, Wis., for an indicated \$30,000.

Mr. Morey owns frontage on Michigan avenue, making an L shaped lot. The Twenty-second street lot is improved with an old residence.

The William Wrigley Jr. company has sold the five story building at 736-38 Tilden street to Isadore and Leo Ginsberg for a reported \$60,000. The property is now being vacated by the World Phonograph company. This is the fourth of

Building Permits

Eight building permits were issued yesterday. These in excess of \$5,000: 2401 South Kedzie avenue, one story apartment; Oscar Speyer, architect; W. J. Under, owner; cost \$20,000. 7137 West Grand avenue, one story lot; M. Minkus, owner; J. K. Male, architect; J. A. Landow, mason; cost \$16,500.

The Wrigley buildings in this section sold by Alex. Friend & Co.

Lumber Company Sells.
The Soper Lumber company has sold to George W. Ford and Reuben J. Parker of the Ford & Parker Teaming company 696 feet on Loomis street, with a depth of 243 feet back to Stetson's canal, 752 feet south of Twenty-second street.

The apartment property, \$32,125, at the southwest corner of Bosworth and Cornelia avenues, has been sold by Claude O. Netterton to William Greissinger for an indicated \$62,500, subject to \$37,500.

CHICAGO TO HAVE NEW BANK—THE TRANSPORTATION

Chicago is to have another bank—the Transportation Bank of Chicago—which will open its doors about July 1 in the Transportation building at 608 South Dearborn street. The institution is to have a capital of \$500,000 and surplus of \$100,000.

Some of the men interested in the organization are: George Halleck Taylor, real estate dealer; C. H. L. Hommedieu of Barnhart Bros. & Spindler; Byron Cassell, treasurer of the Monon railroad; Orville J. Taylor Jr. of Taylor & Miller, attorneys; C. W. Cullen of the Knuffel & Esser company of New York; Watson P. Davidson of St. Paul, owner of the Transportation building; W. F. Donohue of M. A. Donohue & Sons; J. D. Allen, manager of Brink's Chicago City Express company; Robert J. Gunning, John A. Anderson of the Anderson & Gustafson company; H. W. Trumpler of the Erie Railroad company, and V. M. Alexander of the Chicago and Alton railroad.

Have a SPECIALIST Administer Your Will

One who is so familiar with the steps required that he can act quickly, correctly and economically. One who has the expert's knowledge of values, taxes, appraisals, to protect the equity of your heirs. One who knows investments.

This Company has specialized in fiduciary service for 30 years. Where the average executor has had one or two estates to manage or distribute, this Company has had a thousand. Its fee is no higher than would be due an individual and its operations are generally more expeditious.

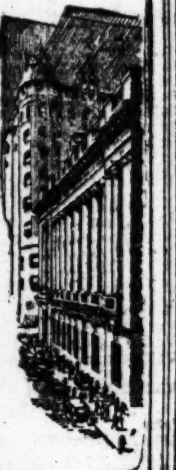
THE NORTHERN TRUST COMPANY

N.W. CORNER LA SALLE & MONROE STS.
Capital and Surplus \$5,000,000

DIRECTORS
A. WATSON ARMOUR, Vice-President
SEWELL L. AVERY, President
U. S. GREEN, Cashier

A. C. BARTLETT, Chairman, Board of Directors, Hubbard, Spencer, Bartlett & Co.
WILLIAM A. FULLER, Vice-President, Corn Exchange National Bank

JOHN T. PIRIE, Cashier, First, Scott & Co.
WALTER EYRON SMITH, U. S. Trust Company
JOHN STUART, 2nd Vice-President, Quaker Oats Company
EZZA J. WARNER, President, Sprague, Warner & Company
SOLOMON A. SMITH, President, The Northern Trust Company



\$3,426,000 Equipment Note Collateral 7% Trust Certificates (Series One)

Payment Unconditionally Guaranteed by

General American Tank Car Corporation (of West Virginia)

MATURITIES

\$571,000 due Nov. 1, 1920	\$571,000 due May 1, 1922
\$571,000 due May 1, 1921	\$571,000 due Nov. 1, 1922
\$571,000 due Nov. 1, 1921	\$571,000 due May 1, 1923

Prices to Yield 7½ Per Cent

Free from any Normal Federal Income Tax up to 2% payable at the source.

The following information is taken from official sources:

The General American Tank Car Corporation receives serial purchase money notes in part payment for cars sold. These Trust Certificates are secured by the notes, and title to the cars will be held for the benefit of the Trust Certificates pending the payment of the total amount of Equipment Notes issued under each sale contract. The average selling price of cars covered by these notes is approximately \$2,800 each. No Trust Certificates will be issued in excess of \$1,500 per car.

The business of the Corporation was established eighteen years ago, and it is now recognized as the largest manufacturer of steel tank cars in the world.

We recommend this issue for investment.

Harris Trust and Savings Bank

Organized as N. W. Harris & Co. 1882. Incorporated 1907

Chicago

First Trust and Savings Bank

Chicago

Chas. D. Barney & Co.

New York

U. S. A.

A Standard Unlimited Policy of Credit Insurance providing for protection against loss on accounts arising from goods shipped during the whole Policy Period no matter when insolvency of the debtor occurs.

U. D. O.

A Standard Unlimited Policy of Credit Insurance providing for protection on losses due to insolvency of debtors and occurring during the Policy Period.

Guaranteed Collection Service obtains under both Policies and adjustments are made during the period of the Policies after excessive losses have occurred.

OUR SUPER-SERVICE
Losses Paid In American Currency
AT YOUR SERVICE
Established Eighty-Six Years
LONDON GUARANTEE AND ACCIDENT COMPANY LTD.
Issues Standard Unlimited Policies
C. E. APPLER, Agent, Credit Insurance Department
Phone Franklin 130 134 S. La Salle Street Chicago, Ill.

FOR SALE

Office Building

Fireproof—high class corner—in loop district. Leases terminable mostly in 90 days.

Should decidedly interest any

Banking Institution or Large Corporation

considering improving its facilities.

Would also be admirable for Commercial Hotel.

In confidence address

C G 334, TRIBUNE.

We Will Rent

To responsible tenant corner space of approximately 3,000 square feet in building at La Salle and Monroe Streets. Very desirable office. Two-year lease.

Address C G 490, Tribune

Foresight

is probably the greatest single factor in the planning of a successful plant.

Write for our book "Building with Foresight".

Lockwood, Greene & Co. Engineers

38 S. Dearborn St. Chicago

Lockwood, Greene & Co. of Canada, Limited, 20 Beaver Hall Hill, Montreal, P. Q. Campagna Lockwood, 8 rue de la Vierge, Paris, France

You can't be really informed on real estate matters unless you follow Tribune real estate want ads every day.

New Issue

\$2,000,000

ACADIA SUGAR REFINING COMPANY LIMITED HALIFAX, CANADA

First Mortgage 7% Serial Gold Bonds

Dated January 1, 1920

Due \$100,000 each July 1, 1921-1940

INTEREST payable on the first day of January and July. Principal and interest payable in New York funds at the New York Agency of the Company or at the office of the Trustee in Montreal. The Company agrees to pay the Normal Federal Income Tax not exceeding 2%, and to refund the present Massachusetts and Pennsylvania State Taxes and also the Connecticut State Tax up to 4%.

ACADIA Sugar Refining Company is an old and well known Company with a modern plant at Halifax, N.S. The plants and property of the Company, on which these bonds are a first mortgage, have a present value after depreciation of \$4,206,000 as appraised by the Canadian Appraisal Company.

The management of the Company will be under the supervision of Mr. B. A. Oxnard and associates, who have had long and successful experience in the sugar business, and who, jointly with Imbrie & Co., founded and have successfully managed the Savannah Sugar Refining Corporation.

Conditions for sugar refining in Canada are favorable, and we believe that the common stock of this Company will be valuable.

The greater portion of this issue having been sold, we offer the small unsold balance "when, as and if received by us."

Price on Application

IMBRIE & CO.

208 SOUTH LA SALLE STREET, CHICAGO

NEW YORK BOSTON PITTSBURGH ATLANTA KANSAS CITY MILWAUKEE ST. LOUIS

This information and these statistics are not guaranteed, but have been obtained from sources we believe to be accurate

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION

Order for small subscription sent by mail to the publisher. Postage paid in the United States and possessions. Outside of U. S. and possessions, add 50¢ per year. Daily without charge. Six months, \$2.75. Three months, \$1.50. Daily with Sunday, one month, \$2.00. Daily only, one year, \$10.00. Rate for subscription in U. S. and possessions, one year, \$10.00. Outside of U. S. and possessions, one year, \$10.50. Single copies, 5¢. Canadian subscribers order without delay as circulation is limited. Payment in full, including postage, by express money order, registered letter or air risk. CHICAGO—7 SOUTH DITCH. NEW YORK—115 FIFTH AVENUE. WASHINGTON—10 WYOMING AVENUE. LONDON—125 Pall Mall. PARIS—125 RUE DE LA VIERGE.

MEMBER OF THE ASSOCIATED PRESS

The Associated Press is entitled to the use for news purposes of the material published in this paper, provided that the credit of the source is given. The rights of republication of the material published in this paper are hereby granted.

OFFICIAL WEATHER

The official weather forecast for tomorrow and yesterday's actual weather: Tomorrow: Partly cloudy, with showers Tuesday, cooler; Wednesday: Fair, with showers; Thursday: Fair, with showers; Friday: Fair, with showers; Saturday: Fair, with showers; Sunday: Fair, with showers.

Chicago—Rain Tuesday, with rising temperature; Wednesday: Partly cloudy, with showers; Thursday: Partly cloudy, with showers; Friday: Partly cloudy, with showers; Saturday: Partly cloudy, with showers; Sunday: Partly cloudy, with showers

Miscellaneous

MISCELLANEOUS
under 45, m, busi-
ness regular, 48
week at \$10.00
termoos. \$10.00
at Room 830, m.
S-30, m. Ask
\$10.00 p. m.
PHILIPIAN and a
languages fluent
well. nationality
a good income
and as general
and Friday even-
ing. Call all day
800 p. m.
SKILLED HELP. E-
need factory men
South. Employ-
ment. 1828
need for raising trout.
to complete the
State capital
WONDERFUL OPPOR-
of hustlers.
and make some
and m and 4
white men, 10 high
for \$100.00
HILLSBORO'S
Congress and Paul
NATURAL VERNY UNUS-
and electric instru-
excellent salary.
NEED TIGARY 1401
MANDEL BROS
DOUGLAS COAL
Wanted with IN-
DISTRICT MAIL
distribution
handy or
2401 W. 18th
TRADE SCHOOL
Practical
Automobile Instru-
the automobile
business. Greer
classes daily and
tuition. Call writ-
Phone Calumet
GREEN COLL
Automotive Engi-
labash-y
NEED TRAINED M-
high salary ex-
to touch with
School, Desk 718
NEXEPK OR
\$3,500 to \$10,000
N'S TR ASS. 517 M-
used aviators
successful agent
NATIONAL BARBER
Many jobs wait-
BARBER COLLEGE 1-
Motion Picture Or-
ENG SCHOOL 49
O or EVENING
bird, just west of
profit sharing plan.
and grading men.
KODAKS
Offers Immediate
photographic apparatus
for use on valuation
a buyer. Free
NATIONAL SPECIAL CO-
CENTRAL CAMERA
used cameras
in Chm. roof Camera
CAMERA BARGAIN
N SPEEDX F.3.3 L
CAMERA CO. 33
ING MACHINE
PRINTING PLANT
Reed, m. Polk
or Gordons 12-18
sunds type, 500
types. Open Sunday
4x4s and TWO 4x
a city presen-
y and carrier deliv-
CHY CO. 716 S
NORTH Warren Par-
ation
ES PAPER CUTTE
NKKKK MCHY TO
316
s; take stone.
ING, HEATING &
S PLUMB & HEAT
2709 W. 23d-4
SUPPLIES SELLING FA-
supplies direct. Send
E-750 Tel. "ARCO"
525 W Lake-st.
line of new and
supplies. 802 W
ING, ENGRAVING
PRINTING FOR I-
saddle, envelopes
525 S. Dearborn.
saddle, envelopes, o-
25 Franklin T-
ES, HORNING, S-
saddle riding. 2
guaranteed sound.
28 Young
related Young Co. 2
ACCOUNTANT
ED. FURRIE
Dearborn-4
COLLECTION
attention on per-
BANKS, BAGS, SU-
SHOPS
501-614-4
ENTS, AWARINGS
OR RENT WAG-
s. D. M. E. R.
SCALES.
REPAIRED, BODGE
COLUMBIA SCALES
FACTS TO LET AN
ELECTRIC LIGHT
Barnett Co.
SEWING MACH
USED UP SINGER.
220 E. 70th
SPORTING CAR

BEST BARGAIN

[REDACTED]



